## MASRAF AL RAYAN (Q.P.S.C.)

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**30 SEPTEMBER 2023** 

## Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

# INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 September 2023

Contents	Page(s)
Independent auditor's review report	i
Interim condensed consolidated financial statements:	
Interim consolidated statement of financial position	1
Interim consolidated income statement	2
Interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	3
Interim consolidated statement of income and attribution related to quasi-equity	4
Interim consolidated statement of changes in equity	5
Interim consolidated statement of cash flows	6-7
Interim consolidated statement of changes in off-balance sheet assets under management	8
Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements	9-40



Review report on the interim condensed consolidated financial statements to the board of directors of Masraf Al Rayan Q.P.S.C.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated statement of financial position of Masraf Al Rayan Q.P.S.C. (the "Parent") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") as at 30 September 2023 and the related interim consolidated statement of income, interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income and interim consolidated statement of income and attribution related to quasi-equity for the three-month and nine-month period then ended, and interim consolidated statement of changes in equity, interim consolidated statement of cash flows and interim consolidated statement of changes in off-balance sheet assets under management for the nine-month period then ended, and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard ("FAS") 41 "Interim financial reporting" issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") as modified by Qatar Central Bank ("QCB"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

## Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity'. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with FAS 41 issued by AAOIFI as modified by QCB.

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers - Qatar Branch Qatar Financial Market Authority registration number 120155

Waleed Tahtamouni Auditor's registration number 370 Doha, State of Qatar

26 October 2023

P. O. Box: 6689 Doha, State of Qatar

پس**اؤترهاوس کو**بوز ، فرع فطر

PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS - ON BET

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2023

	Notes	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)	1 January 2022 (Audited) (Restated)
ASSETS Cash and balances with central banks Due from banks Financing assets Investment securities Investment in associates Fixed assets Intangible assets Other assets	8	5,230,876 5,632,199 109,947,357 36,811,429 335,255 949,224 1,593,229 3,874,553	5,088,200 6,108,768 117,859,281 31,476,658 345,878 901,888 1,678,592 4,073,948	5,288,633 3,050,926 116,641,285 31,968,013 345,398 767,196 1,707,046 4,303,370	5,220,712 9,155,812 120,880,202 32,752,667 348,935 714,680 1,801,893 3,279,815
TOTAL ASSETS		164,374,122	167,533,213	164,071,867	174,154,716
LIABILITIES, QUASI-EQUITY AND EQUITY					
LIABILITIES Due to banks Customer current accounts Sukuk and debt financing Other borrowings Other liabilities	10 11 12	29,863,484 9,399,305 7,785,696 4,585,468 5,021,703	28,804,957 8,736,827 7,682,176 3,843,236 5,629,198	28,003,036 9,334,194 7,614,730 4,456,676 6,413,821	23,246,577 9,192,634 7,735,618 5,699,994 5,849,975
TOTAL LIABILITIES		56,655,656	_54,696,394	55,822,457	51,724,798
QUASI-EQUITY Participatory investment accounts	13	83,110,036	88,554,879	83,973,181	97,763,630
EQUITY Share capital Legal reserve Risk reserve Fair value reserve Foreign currency translation reserve Other reserves Retained earnings	14 (a) 14 (b) 14 (c) 14 (d) 14 (e) 14 (f)	9,644,166 2,398,543 33,222	9,300,000 9,644,166 2,398,543 32,844 (148,600) 140,512 1,716,321	9,300,000 9,644,166 2,282,824 54,506 (221,398) 127,274 1,913,739	9,300,000 9,644,166 2,282,824 36,125 (87,328) 127,274 2,163,579
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE BANK Non-controlling interest Instrument eligible as additional capital	15	23,384,870 223,560 1,000,000	23,083,786 198,154 1,000,000	23,101,111 175,118 1,000,000	23,466,640 199,648 1,000,000
TOTAL EQUITY		24,608,430	24,281,940	24,276,229	24,666,288
TOTAL LIABILITIES, QUASI-EQUITY AND EQUITY		164,374,122	167,533,213	164,071,867	174,154,716

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 October 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mohamed Bin Hamad

Hamad Bin Faisal Bin Thani Al Thani Fahad Bin Abdulla Al Khalifa Group Chief Executive Officer

Bin Qassim Al Thani Chairman

Thani Al Thani
Vice Chairman

Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i

The attached notes 1 to 23 form part of, and should be read in conjunction with these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSE ONL'

5) B

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the three and nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

		For the three- ended 30 S	September	For the ning period ended 3	30 September
	Notes	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
Income from financing activities Income from investing activities		1,903,085 445,589	1,325,140 328,971	5,395,074 1,191,518	3,624,085 903,236
Total income from financing and investing activities		2,348,674	1,654,111	6,586,592	4,527,321
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense		122,275 (2,897)	133,374 (611)	334,993 (6,953)	342,281 (1,833)
Net fee and commission income		119,378	132,763	328,040	340,448
Foreign exchange gain (net) Share of results of associates Gain on sale of an associate Other income		60,039 12,742 - 38,318	91,073 - - 1,820	137,789 37,259 16,618 86,104	245,655 22,574 - 12,496
TOTAL INCOME		2,579,151	1,879,767	7,192,402	5,148,494
Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses Finance expense		(100,657) (40,932) (111,004) (599,772)	(116,454) (41,791) (184,274) (287,707)	(295,760) (125,076) (298,642) (1,652,515)	(401,247) (135,684) (425,988) (592,354)
TOTAL EXPENSES		(852,365)	(630,226)	(2,371,993)	(1,555,273)
Net reversals / (impairment losses) on due from banks Net impairment losses on financing assets Net reversals / (impairment losses) on investments Net reversals / (impairment losses) on other exposures subject to credit risk	3 (a)	9,553 (355,175) 56,796 12,590	6,591 (360,064) (12,442) (62,143)	13,530 (927,801) 16,499 68,622	(8,898) (941,756) (49,495) (89,151)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO QUASI-EQUITY	2 (4)	1,450,550	821,483	3,991,259	2,503,921
Less: Net profit attributable to quasi-equity		(948,054)	(479,058)	(2,695,195)	(1,141,070)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FOR THE PERIOD		502,496	342,425	1,296,064	1,362,851
Tax expense		(16,105)	(5,443)	(33,884)	(16,993)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		486,391	336,982	1,262,180	1,345,858
Net profit for the period attributable to: Equity holders of the Bank Non-controlling interest		473,004 13,387	331,254 5,728	1,237,645 24,535	1,331,160 14,698
		486,391	336,982	1,262,180	1,345,858
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE (QAR)	17	0.051	0.036	0.133	0.143

Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i



## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three and nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

	Notes	ended 30	-month period September 2022	For the nine-month period ended 30 Septembe <b>2023</b> 2022		
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed) (Restated)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed) (Restated)	
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		486,391	336,982	1,262,180	1,345,858	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items that may not be subsequently classified to consolidated income statement Fair value changes of equity-type investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income		4,598	9,662	5,040	9,827	
Items that may be subsequently classified to consolidated income statement  Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations  Net change in the share of other comprehensive income of investment in associates:		(49,417)	(80,041)	(6,068)	(173,298)	
Net change in fair value		127	-	(4,497)	(525)	
Net amount transferred to consolidated income statement		_	-	951	_	
Net movement in cash flow hedges – effective portion of changes in fair value Fair value changes of debt-type investments carried at		-	793	-	9,541	
fair value through other comprehensive income		(724)	788	(1,100)	336	
Share in the reserve attributable to quasi-equity		(162)	(468)	(16)	(798)	
Total other comprehensive income for the period		(45,578)	(69,266)	(5,690)	(154,917)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		440,813	267,716	1,256,490	1,190,941	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Bank Non-controlling interest		435,900 4,913	280,344 (12,628)	1,231,084 25,406	1,215,471 (24,530)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		440,813	267,716	1,256,490	1,190,941	



# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND ATTRIBUTION RELATED TO QUASI-EQUITY

For the three and nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

			-month period	For the nine-month		
	Notes	ended 30 i <b>2023</b>	September 2022	period ended <b>2023</b>	30 September 2022	
	ivoles	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed) (Restated)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed) (Restated)	
Net profit for the period before net profit attributable to quasi-equity		1,434,445	816,040	3,957,375	2,486,928	
Less: Income not attributable to quasi-equity Add: Expenses not attributable to quasi-equity		(424,801) 15,075	(235,663)	(1,146,092) 15,076	(694,955) 157	
Net profit attributable to quasi-equity before Masraf's Mudaraba income Less: Mudarib's share Add: Support provided by Masraf		1,024,719 (965,086) 888,421	580,400 (549,715) 448,373	2,826,359 (2,662,209) 2,531,045	1,792,130 (1,693,915) 1,042,855	
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO QUASI- EQUITY		948,054	479,058	2,695,195	1,141,070	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items that may be subsequently classified to consolidated income statement						
Share in the reserve attributable to quasi-equity		162	468	16_	798	
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		162	468	16_	798	
TOTAL PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO QUASI- EQUITY		948,216	479,526	2,695,211	1,141,868	



Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i

## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interest	Instrument eligible as additional capital	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2022 (Audited)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,398,543	32,844	(148,600)	140,512	1,716,321	23,083,786	198,154	1,000,000	24,281,940
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income		-	-	378	(6,939)	-	1,237,645	1,237,645 (6,561)	24,535 871	-	1,262,180 (5,690)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	378	(6,939)	-	1,237,645	1,231,084	25,406	-	1,256,490
Dividend declared and approved for 2022 Note 14 (g)				-		-	(930,000)	(930,000)			(930,000)
Balance at 30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,398,543	33,222	(155,539)	140,512	2,023,966	23,384,870	223,560	1,000,000	24,608,430
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interest	Instrument eligible as additional capital	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2021, as previously reported Restatements (Note 23)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,282,824	36,125	(5,915) (81,413)	127,274	2,082,166 81,413	23,466,640	199,648 -	1,000,000	24,666,288
Balance at 31 December 2021, as restated (Audited)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,282,824	36,125	(87,328)	127,274	2,163,579	23,466,640	199,648	1,000,000	24,666,288
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	18,381	(134,070)	-	1,331,160	1,331,160 (115,689)	14,698 (39,228)	-	1,345,858 (154,917)
Total comprehensive income for the period Dividend declared and approved for 2021 Note 14 (g)	-	-	-	18,381	(134,070)	-	1,331,160 (1,581,000)	1,215,471 (1,581,000)	(24,530)	-	1,190,941 (1,581,000)
Balance at 30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,282,824	54,506	(221,398)	127,274	1,913,739	23,101,111	175,118	1,000,000	24,276,229

Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i



## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

		For the nine-mon 30 Septe	
	Note	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			,
Profit before tax for the period		1,296,064	1,362,851
Adjustments for:			
Net (reversals) / impairment losses on due from banks		(13,530)	8,898
Net impairment losses on financing assets		927,801	941,756
Net (reversals) / impairment losses on investments		(16,499)	49,495
Net (reversals) / impairment losses on other exposures subject to credit risk		(68,622)	89,151
Fair value gain on investment securities carried at fair value through income statement		-	(62)
Unrealized gain on revaluation of Shari'a compliant risk			
management instruments		(5,850)	(28,233)
Depreciation and amortisation		125,076	135,684
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		98	141
Amortization of transaction costs and IFRS 3 adjustments on sukuk			
financing and other borrowings		(40,479)	(42,196)
Net gain on sale of investment securities		(336)	2,999
Dividend income		(10,809)	(6,197)
Share of results of associates		(37,259)	(22,574)
Gain on sale of an associate		(16,618)	- 
Net amortisation of premium and discount on investment securities		5,765	55,982
Employees' end of service benefit provisions		7,359	7,940
Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		2,152,161	2,555,635
Change in reserve account with Qatar Central Bank		253,578	44,025
Change in due from banks		472,405	358,955
Change in financing assets		6,898,841	2,744,123
Change in other assets		157,793	(542,599)
Change in profit receivable from investments		(9,538)	19,741
Change in due to banks		1,058,527	4,756,459
Change in customer current accounts		662,478	141,560
Change in other liabilities		(201,097)	1,169,158
Change in profit payable on sukuk and debt financing and other borrowings		42,607	39,036
		11,487,755	11,286,093
Dividend received		10,809	6,197
Tax paid		(27,040)	(11,144)
Social and sports fund contribution		(35,644)	(42,813)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(3,492)	(52,980)
Net cash generated from operating activities		11,432,388	11,185,353
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investment securities		(10,769,019)	(2,830,760)
Proceeds from sale / redemption of investment securities		5,848,544	3,026,506
Proceeds from sale of an associate		40,622	-
Acquisition of fixed assets		(77,509)	(93,893)
Dividend received from associates		11,500	10,700
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(4,945,862)	112,553

...continued

Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i



## INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

	For the nine-month period ended			
		30 September		
	Note	2023	2022	
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed) (Restated)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Change in participatory investment accounts		(5,444,859)	(13,791,247)	
Net proceeds from sukuk and debt financing and other borrowings		1,993,629	361,865	
Net repayments of sukuk and debt financing and other borrowings		(1,144,384)	(1,663,387)	
Net repayment of Ijarah liabilities		(12,226)	(23,398)	
Dividends paid		(1,080,783)	(1,591,868)	
Profit paid on instrument eligible as additional capital		(46,000)	(48,195)	
Net movement in non-controlling interest		<u>871</u>	(39,228)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(5,733,752)	(16,795,458)	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		752,774	(5,497,552)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		6,038,819	9,140,950	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents held		(12,891)	(127,535)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 September	18	6,778,702	3,515,863	

Refer to Note 18 for details of non-cash transactions.



Independent auditor's review report is set out on page i

# INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OFF-BALANCE SHEET ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

				Movements dur	ring the period			
	1 January 2023	Additions	Withdrawals	Revaluations / Gross income	Assets transferred to liquidator	Net dividends paid	Mudarib's share	30 September 2023
30 September 2023 (Reviewed) Money market placements	156,771	1,109,781	(849,788)	11,292	-	-	-	428,056
Investments in sukuk, shares, mutual funds and other securities	4,689,405	99,604	(124,554)	139,017	(5,191)	(88,987)	(23,445)	4,685,849
	4,846,176	1,209,385	(974,342)	150,309	(5,191)	(88,987)	(23,445)	5,113,905
				Movements dur	ring the period			
	1 January 2022	Additions	Withdrawals	Revaluations / Gross income	Assets transferred to liquidator	Net dividends paid	Mudarib's share	30 September 2022
30 September 2022 (Reviewed)								
Money market placements Investments in sukuk, shares, mutual	146,769	1,343,269	(1,145,048)	4,689	-	-	-	349,679
funds and other securities	4,684,310	259,921	(243,080)	370,980		(71,767)	(36,898)	4,963,466
				375,669				5,313,145



### 1 REPORTING ENTITY

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) ("Masraf" or "the Bank") is an entity domiciled in the State of Qatar and was incorporated on 4 January 2006 as a Qatari Public Shareholding Company under Qatar Commercial Companies' Law No. 5 of 2002, as amended by Qatar Commercial Companies' Law Number 11 of 2015 and Law Number 8 of 2021, under decision Number 11 of 2006. The commercial registration number of the Bank is 32010. The address of the Bank's registered office is at P.O. Box 28888, Lusail Marina, Qatar. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 comprise the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group" and individually as "Group entities"). The Group is primarily involved in Islamic banking, financing and investing activities, and has 16 branches in Qatar. The Parent Company / Ultimate Controlling Party of the Group is Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.).

The Group's management has made an assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Group has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

On 7 January 2021, the Bank and Al Khalij Commercial Bank (al khaliji) P.Q.S.C. ("Al Khaliji") have entered into a merger agreement as approved by the Board of Directors of both banks, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders of both banks at their respective Extra-Ordinary General Assemblies held on 5 October 2021 and 6 October 2021. On 2 November 2021, Qatar Central Bank ("QCB") approved the Bank's merger by way of absorption pursuant to Article 278 of the Commercial Companies Law Number 11 of 2015 as amended by Law Number 8 of 2021 (the "Commercial Companies Law") and Article 161(2) of Law Number 13 of 2012 issuing the Qatar Central Bank Law and Regulation of Financial Institutions (the "QCB Law") and the merger agreement (the "Merger").

The merger was effected in a share swap transaction through the issuance of 0.5 new Masraf share for every 1 share in Al Khaliji at the close of business on 30 November 2021 (the "effective date"), subsequent to which Al Khaliji shares were delisted from Qatar Stock Exchange. On the effective date, Al Khaliji was dissolved and Masraf, which became the remaining legal entity, continued to conduct all operations in accordance with Shari'a principles and absorbed the assets and liabilities of Al Khaliji.

The principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

Entity's name	Country of incorporation	Entity's capital		Entity's activities	Effective percentage ownership	
,	•		V 1	Ž	30 September 31 2023	December 2022
Al Rayan Investment L.L.C. Al Rayan (UK) Limited <sup>1</sup>	Qatar UK	USD GBP	100,000,000 100,000,000	Investment banking Investment activities	100.0% 75.0%	100.0% 75.0%
Al Rayan Partners L.L.C.	Qatar	QAR	10,000,000	Real estate consulting	100.0%	100.0%
Lusail Waterfront Investment Co.	Cayman Islands	USD	100	Investment activities	100.0%	100.0%
MAR Sukuk Limited <sup>2</sup>	Cayman Islands	USD	250	Sukuk issuance	100.0%	100.0%
Al Khaliji France S.A. <sup>3 &amp; 5</sup>	France	EUR	104,000,000	Banking	100.0%	100.0%
AKCB Finance Limited <sup>3</sup>	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Debt Issuance	100.0%	100.0%
AKCB Falcon Limited <sup>3 &amp; 6</sup>	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Debt Issuance	-	100.0%
AKCB Markets Limited <sup>3</sup>	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Over-the-Counter Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	100.0%	100.0%
Lusail Limited	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Financing and investing activities	100.0%	100.0%
MAR Finance L.L.C. <sup>4</sup>	Qatar	QAR	1,000	Sukuk issuance	100.0%	100.0%

#### 1 REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

- <sup>1</sup> Al Rayan (UK) Limited owns 98.34% of its subsidiary, Al Rayan Bank PLC (formerly known as Islamic Bank of Britain PLC). Effectively, the Bank owns 73.76% of Al Rayan Bank PLC.
- <sup>2</sup> MAR Sukuk Limited was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability for the purpose of sukuk issuance and other activities, for the benefit of the Bank.
- <sup>3</sup> Subsidiaries of Al Khaliji that became subsidiaries of the Group upon completion of the merger between the Bank and Al Khaliji on 30 November 2021.
- <sup>4</sup> MAR Finance L.L.C. was incorporated in Qatar Financial Centre as a limited liability for the purpose of sukuk issuance and other activities, for the benefit of the Bank.
- <sup>5</sup> In relation to the merger, Al Khaliji France S.A. continues to operate in its present status as a conventional bank. As of reporting date, there are no plans in place to convert the portfolio of the subsidiary into Shari'a-compliant products. Accordingly, the net profit earned by the subsidiary is not included in the consolidated income statement, and the subsidiary's assets and liabilities are presented under other assets and other liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- <sup>6</sup> AKCB Falcon Limited has been dissolved effective 17 April 2023, pursuant to the certificate of dissolution obtained by the Company.

The Group does not have any subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group for the period ended 30 September 2023 were authorised for issuance in accordance with a resolution by the Board of Directors on 26 October 2023.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### (a) Statement of compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") 41 "Interim financial reporting" issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") as modified by Qatar Central Bank ("QCB"). In line with the requirements of AAOIFI, for matters that are not covered by FAS, the Group uses the guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

The Bank has adopted QCB Circular 13/2020 dated 29 April 2020 (execution date), which modifies the requirements of FAS 33 "Investments in Sukuk, shares and similar instruments" and FAS 30 "Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments" and requires Islamic Banks to follow principles of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" in respect of equity-type investments carried at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") and repurchase agreements. The Bank has adopted the circular from the effective date and the changes to the accounting policies have been adopted prospectively by the Bank.

The Group has adopted QCB guidelines on staging and provisioning of certain exposures, which modifies the requirements of FAS 30 "Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments".

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2022. In addition, results for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2023.

The preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement at fair value of financial investments carried at "investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, "investments at fair value through income statement" and "Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments".

#### (c) Functional and presentational currency

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Qatari Riyals ("QAR"), which is the Bank's functional and presentational currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest QAR thousand except when otherwise indicated. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

#### (d) New standards, amendments and interpretations

#### (i) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2023

### FAS 39 – Financial Reporting for Zakah

AAOIFI has issued FAS 39 in 2021. This standard improves upon and supersedes FAS 9 "Zakah" issued previously. This standard aims at setting out the accounting treatment of Zakah in the books of an Islamic financial institution, including the presentation and disclosure in the financial statements.

This standard is effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group.

## FAS 41 Interim Financial Reporting

This standard prescribes the principles for the preparation of condensed interim financial information and the relevant presentation and disclosure requirements, emphasizing the minimum disclosures specific to Islamic financial institution in line with various financial accounting standards issued by AAOIFI. This standard also provides an option for the institution to prepare a complete set of financial statements at interim reporting dates in line with the respective FASs.

This standard is effective for financial statements for the period beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

The Group adopted this standard for the basis of preparation of its interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## (ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

## FAS 1 – General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements (Revised 2021)

AAOIFI has issued FAS 1 (Revised) in 2021. The revised FAS 1 "General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements" describes and improves the overall presentation and disclosure requirements prescribed in line with the global best practices and supersedes the earlier FAS 1. The objective of this standard is to align the accounting treatments and the reporting requirements for the Islamic financial institutions to the maximum possible extent with the generally accepted accounting principles without compromising the Shari'a requirements and nature of Islamic financial transactions and institutions.

The revision of FAS 1 is in line with the modifications made to the AAOIFI conceptual framework for financial reporting.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### (d) New standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)

#### (ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective (continued)

The Accounting Board ("AAB") of AAOIFI decided to defer the effective date of this standard from 1 January 2023 to 1 January 2024 with early adoption encouraged.

The Group early adopted the standard during the period and applied changes in certain presentation and disclosures in its interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The Group shall implement any subsequent guidelines or amendments to the standard that may be issued by the QCB. The adoption of this standard did not have any significant impact on the Group's interim consolidated statement of financial position and interim consolidated statement of income.

Some of the significant revisions to the standard are as follows:

- a) Revised conceptual framework is now an integral part of the AAOIFI FASs;
- b) Definition of quasi-equity is introduced as a broader concept that will include the "unrestricted investment accounts" and other transactions under similar structures. Similarly, the wider term of "off-balance sheet assets under management" is now being used instead of "restricted investment accounts";
- c) Definitions have been modified and improved;
- d) Concept of comprehensive income has been introduced, with the option to prepare one statement that is a combination of statement of income and statement of other comprehensive income, or to prepare the two statements separately. The Group elected to prepare the two statements separately;
- e) Institutions other than Banking institutions are allowed to classify assets and liabilities as current and noncurrent:
- f) Disclosure of Zakah and Charity have been relocated to the notes to the financial statements;
- g) True and fair override has been introduced;
- Treatment for change in accounting policies, change in estimates and correction of errors has been introduced;
- i) Disclosures of related parties, subsequent events and going concern have been improved;
- j) Improvement in reporting for foreign currency and segment reporting; and
- k) Presentation and disclosure requirements have been divided into three parts. First part is applicable to all institutions, second part is applicable only to Islamic banks and similar IFIs and third part prescribes the authoritative status, effective date and amendments to other AAOIFI FASs.

The Group has not yet applied the following new and revised FASs that have been issued but are not yet effective. These standards are currently in process of being assessed by the management of the Group to consider any implication in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

## FAS 40 - Financial Reporting for Islamic Finance Windows

AAOIFI has issued FAS 40 in 2021. The objective of this revised standard is to establish financial reporting requirements for Islamic finance windows and applicable to all conventional financial institutions providing Islamic financial services through an Islamic finance window. This standard improves upon and supersedes FAS 18 "Islamic Financial Services Offered by Conventional Financial Institutions". This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with early adoption permitted.

#### FAS 42 - Presentation and disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions

AAOIFI has issued FAS 42 in 2022. This standard supersedes the earlier FAS 12 – General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Islamic Insurance Companies". The objective of this standard is to set out the overall requirements for the presentation of financial statements, the minimum requirement for the contents of and disclosures in the financial statements and recommended structure of financial statements that facilitates fair presentation in line with Shari'a principles and rules for Takaful institutions. This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with early adoption permitted if adopted alongside FAS 43 – Accounting for Takaful: Recognition and Measurement.

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

- (d) New standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)
  - (ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective (continued)

FAS 43 – Accounting for Takaful: Recognition and Measurement

AAOIFI has issued FAS 43 in 2022. The objective of this standard is to set out the principles for the recognition and measurement of Takaful arrangements and ancillary transactions with the objective of faithfully representing the information related to these arrangements to the relevant stakeholders. The standard should be read in conjunction with FAS 42 – Presentation and disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions. This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with early adoption permitted if adopted alongside FAS 42 – Presentation and disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions.

## 3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL")

## (a) Expected credit loss / Allowance for impairment

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as at 30 September 2023				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	10,107,493	168,096	_	10,275,589
- Financing assets	74,874,549	32,495,814	7,433,032	114,803,395
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	35,710,525	609,734	53,142	36,373,401
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	9,731,231	3,209,258	37,465	12,977,954
	130,423,798	36,482,902	7,523,639	174,430,339
Opening balance of allowance for impairment				
as at 1 January 2023				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	12,292	2,541	-	14,833
- Financing assets	64,157	392,046	3,388,444	3,844,647
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	30,025	22,325	57,162	109,512
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	25,507	33,204	79,384	138,095
	131,981	450,116	3,524,990	4,107,087
Foreign currency translation for the period				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	-		- (200)	-
- Financing assets	946	1	(309)	638
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	- 0.46	-	(200)	- (20)
Net tues of our between atoms	946	1	(309)	638
Net transfer between stages				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	(4.797)	2.701	1.006	-
- Financing assets	(4,787)	3,701	1,086	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-			-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	(1,108)	1,103	5	-
	(5,895)	4,804	1,091	-
Charges / (Reversals) for the period (net)				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	(11,028)	(2,502)	-	(13,530)
- Financing assets	(25,472)	166,627	871,601	1,012,756
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(19,003)	(2,308)	(4,020)	(25,331)
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	(19,265)	(9,968)	(39,389)	(68,622)
	(74,768)	151,849	828,192	905,273
Write-offs				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	-	-	(2,003)	(2,003)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	-	-	- (2.000)	- (2.000)
	-	-	(2,003)	(2,003)
Closing balance of allowance for impairment as at 30 September 2023				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	1 264	20		1 202
- Due from banks and balances with central banks - Financing assets	1,264 34,844	39 562 375	4,258,819	1,303 4,856,038
<ul><li>- Financing assets</li><li>- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost</li></ul>	· ·	562,375	53,142	
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	11,022 5,134	20,017 24,339	40,000	84,181 69,473
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	3,134	44,337	70,000	07,413
	52,264	606,770	4,351,961	5,010,995
	<u> </u>		1,001,701	2,010,773

## 3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

## (a) Expected credit loss / Allowance for impairment (continued)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as at 30 September 2022 (Restated)				
<ul> <li>Due from banks and balances with central banks</li> </ul>	7,457,823	309,036	-	7,766,859
- Financing assets	93,198,265	22,799,842	3,720,078	119,718,185
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	31,384,848	292,001	57,162	31,734,011
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	14,248,944	2,045,959	605,413	16,900,316
	146,289,880	25,446,838	4,382,653	176,119,371
Opening balance of allowance for impairment as				
at 1 January 2022	1.007	4.40		1.507
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	1,087	440	1 027 262	1,527
<ul><li>Financing assets</li><li>Debt type investments carried at amortised cost</li></ul>	58,617 11,729	793,979 6,360	1,027,263 57,162	1,879,859 75,251
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	15,110	34,513	2,019	51,642
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	86,543	835,292	1,086,444	2,008,279
Foreign currency translation for the period	00,545	033,272	1,000,444	2,000,277
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	_	_	_	_
- Financing assets	(1,543)	(1,332)	52	(2,823)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(17)	-	-	(17)
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	-	-	_	-
	(1,560)	(1,332)	52	(2,840)
Net transfer between stages				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	2	(2)	-	-
- Financing assets	5,927	(8,479)	2,552	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(645)	645	-	-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	(719)	714	5	-
	4,565	(7,122)	2,557	-
Charge / (reversal) for the period (net)	7.645	1.252		0.000
<ul><li>Due from banks and balances with central banks</li><li>Financing assets</li></ul>	7,645	1,253 272,863	934,457	8,898
<ul><li>Prinancing assets</li><li>Debt type investments carried at amortised cost</li></ul>	(7,129) 20,550	14,060	934,437	1,200,191 34,610
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	20,921	(8,364)	76,594	89,151
Other exposures subject to credit fisk	41,987	279,812	1,011,051	1,332,850
Write-offs	11,507	277,012	1,011,001	1,552,656
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	_	_	_	_
- Financing assets	-	-	(327)	(327)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	- 1
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	=	-	(100)	(100)
	-	-	(427)	(427)
Closing balance of allowance for impairment at 30 September 2022				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	8,734	1,691	-	10,425
- Financing assets	55,872	1,057,031	1,963,997	3,076,900
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	31,617	21,065	57,162	109,844
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	35,312	26,863	78,518	140,693
	131,535	1,106,650	2,099,677	3,337,862

### 3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

#### (b) Credit quality assessments

The table below provides an analysis of counterparties by rating grades and credit quality of the Group's credit risk, based on Moody's ratings (or their equivalent):

Rating grade	Due from banks and balances with central banks	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Other exposures subject to credit risk
AAA to AA- A+ to A- BBB+ to BBB- BB+ to B- Unrated	5,088,605 4,641,508 506 376,876 168,094	57,455,490 7,581,836 16,011,852 14,432,816 19,321,401	31,867,222 2,324,993 278,274 1,665,077 237,835	1,508,924 3,818,857 2,666,696 4,578,251 405,226
Total as at 30 September 2023	10,275,589	114,803,395	36,373,401	12,977,954
Rating grade	Due from banks and balances with central banks	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Other exposures subject to credit risk
AAA to AA- A+ to A- BBB+ to BBB- BB+ to B- Unrated	5,430,207 1,566,034 39,524 424,426 306,668	62,431,687 7,793,157 19,392,915 14,655,922 15,444,504	29,006,766 1,152,642 200,250 1,299,318 75,035	1,650,531 5,031,399 4,422,961 4,455,429 1,339,996
Total as at 30 September 2022 (Restated)	7,766,859	119,718,185	31,734,011	16,900,316

#### 4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### (i) Valuation of financial instruments

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

### 4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (i) Valuation of financial instruments (continued)

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Group determines fair values using valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and other valuation models. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark profit rates, credit spreads and other premia used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date, which would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

#### (ii) Financial asset and liability classification

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments Investment securities Assets held by a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	406,602 69,542	580,871 115,607 3,633	<u>:</u> :-	580,871 522,209 73,175
	476,144	700,111		1,176,255
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments		211,518		211,518
		211,518		211,518
31 December 2022 (Audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments Investment securities Assets held by a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	291,536 71,085	611,882 102,816 4,386	- - -	611,882 394,352 75,471
	362,621	719,084		1,081,705
Financial liabilities Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments		229,383		229,383
		229,383		229,383

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost are equal to the carrying value, hence, not included in the fair value hierarchy table, except for quoted investment securities for which the fair value amounts to QAR 7,195 million (31 December 2022: QAR 7,518 million), which is derived using Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The details of the Group's classification of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 6.

During the reporting periods ended 30 September 2023 and 31 December 2022, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 fair value measurements.

#### 5 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

#### **Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## (i) Impairment losses on financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses under FAS 30 across all categories of financial assets in scope requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk.

These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's internal credit grading model, which assigns PDs to the individual grades;
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and therefore allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment:
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

## (ii) Determining fair values

The determination of fair value for financial assets and liabilities for which there is no observable market price requires the use of valuation techniques as described in the significant accounting policies (financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument).

(iii) FAS 32 – Determination of Ijarah term in Ijarah contracts with the renewal and termination option (Bank as a lessee)

In determining the Ijarah term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the Ijarah term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

## 6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Fair value through income statement	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
30 September 2023 (Reviewed)					
Cash and balances with central			<b></b>	<b>7.42</b> 0.0 <b>7</b> 6	<b>- 43</b> 0 0 <b>-</b> 6
banks	-	-	5,230,876	5,230,876	5,230,876
Due from banks	-	-	5,632,199	5,632,199	5,632,199
Financing assets Investment securities:	-	-	109,947,357	109,947,357	109,947,357
- Measured at fair value	-	522,209	-	522,209	522,209
- Measured at amortised cost	-	-	36,289,220	36,289,220	36,378,315
Financial assets held by a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	3,633	69,542	3,020,115	3,093,290	3,078,010
Other assets	-	-	42,066	42,066	42,066
Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	580,871			580,871	580,871
	584,504	591,751	160,161,833	161,338,088	161,411,903
Due to banks	-	-	29,863,484	29,863,484	29,863,484
Customer current accounts	-	-	9,399,305	9,399,305	9,399,305
Sukuk and debt financing	-	-	7,785,696	7,785,696	7,551,883
Other borrowings	-	-	4,585,468	4,585,468	4,585,468
Financial liabilities of a non-	_	_	A 40= 450	<b>A</b> 40 <b>T</b> 4 <b>T</b> 0	A 40= 4=0
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary			2,187,159	2,187,159	2,187,159
Other liabilities	-	-	1,112,145	1,112,145	1,112,145
Participatory investment accounts	-	-	83,110,036	83,110,036	83,110,036
Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	211,518			211,518	211,518
	211,518		138,043,293	138,254,811	138,020,998

## 6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

31 December 2022 (Audited)	Fair value through income statement	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
Cash and balances with central					
banks	-	-	5,088,200	5,088,200	5,088,200
Due from banks	-	-	6,108,768	6,108,768	6,108,768
Financing assets	-	-	117,859,281	117,859,281	117,859,281
Investment securities:					
<ul> <li>Measured at fair value</li> </ul>	-	394,352	-	394,352	394,352
<ul> <li>Measured at amortised cost</li> </ul>	-	-	31,082,306	31,082,306	31,153,108
Financial assets held by a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	4,386	71,085	2,879,908	2,955,379	2,950,202
Other assets	-	-	5,197	5,197	5,197
Shari'a-compliant risk	(11.002			(11.00)	C11 002
management instruments	611,882			611,882	611,882
	616,268	465,437	163,023,660	164,105,365	164,170,990
Due to banks	_	-	28,804,957	28,804,957	28,804,957
Customer current accounts	-	-	8,736,827	8,736,827	8,736,827
Sukuk and debt financing	-	-	7,682,176	7,682,176	7,355,921
Other borrowings	-	-	3,843,236	3,843,236	3,843,236
Financial liabilities of a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	-	-	2,084,789	2,084,789	2,084,789
Other liabilities	-	-	1,449,644	1,449,644	1,449,644
Participatory investment accounts Shari'a-compliant risk	-	-	88,554,879	88,554,879	88,554,879
management instruments	229,383			229,383	229,383
	229,383		141,156,508	141,385,891	141,059,636

#### 7 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has five reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. For each of the strategic divisions, the management reviews internal reports periodically. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

- Corporate Banking provides an extensive range of Islamic funded and non-funded credit facilities, deposit services, investment advisory, currency exchange facilities, profit rate swaps, financing syndication and other services to Corporate, Commercial and Multinational Customers.
- Retail Banking provides investment accounts services, credit card and Islamic financing to retail and individual customers.
- Treasury and Financial Institutions undertake the Group's funding and centralised risk management activities through borrowings, sukuk and debt financing, use of Shari'a compliant instruments for risk management purposes and investing in liquid assets such as short-term placements and corporate and government debt securities.
- Asset Management performs the following functions: (a) provide customised investment solutions (with expertise across equities & fixed income investments) to institutional and High Net Worth investors in line with investors' specific needs and risk parameters, (b) manage mutual funds and exchange traded fund, and (c) provide financial and strategic advisory services.
- International Operations includes financing assets, deposits and other products and services with corporate and individual customers in the Group's international locations.
- Central Function comprises the cost of all central support departments and non-core business operations.

Information regarding the results, assets and liabilities of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the management. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

## **7 OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

Information about operating segments

30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Treasury and Financial Institutions	Asset Management	International Operations	Central Function	Total
External revenue:							
Total income from financing and investing activities	3,694,262	1,274,824	1,139,383	7,487	470,636	-	6,586,592
Net fee and commission income	115,800	159,158	11,515	40,572	995	-	328,040
Foreign exchange gain / (loss) (net)	-	-	137,962	-	(173)	-	137,789
Share of results of associates	-	-	-	-	-	37,259	37,259
Gain on sale of an associate	-	-	-	-	-	16,618	16,618
Other income						86,104	86,104
Total segment revenue	3,810,062	1,433,982	1,288,860	48,059	471,458	139,981	7,192,402
Finance expense	_	-	(1,643,085)	-	(9,430)	-	(1,652,515)
Net profit attributable to quasi-equity	(1,906,565)	(587,164)	-	-	(201,466)	-	(2,695,195)
Net impairment losses on financing assets	(381,526)	(490,507)	(51,059)	-	(4,709)	-	(927,801)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	23,897	1,434	-	(8,832)	16,499
Net reversals / (impairment losses) on due from banks and							
other exposures subject to credit risk	28,538	(3)	52,812	805	-	-	82,152
Staff costs, depreciation and amortization and other expenses				(12,977)	(121,700)	(584,801)	(719,478)
Reportable segment profit / (loss) before tax	1,550,509	356,308	(328,575)	37,321	134,153	(453,652)	1,296,064
Reportable segment assets	73,496,379	27,880,825	45,285,313	199,086	14,074,762	3,437,757	164,374,122
Reportable segment liabilities	6,404,682	2,220,680	41,928,012	12,568	3,446,542	2,643,172	56,655,656
Reportable segment quasi-equity	50,105,008	22,356,891	1,850,492		8,797,645		83,110,036

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

## **7 OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)**

Information about operating segments (continued)

30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Treasury and Financial Institutions	Asset Management	International operations	Central Function	Total
External revenue:							
Total income from financing and investing activities	2,470,160	898,974	887,400	7,612	263,175	-	4,527,321
Net fee and commission income	141,831	148,591	(538)	50,315	249	-	340,448
Foreign exchange gain / (loss)	-	-	243,307	(6)	2,354	-	245,655
Share of results of associates	-	-	-	-	-	22,574	22,574
Other income						12,496	12,496
Total segment revenue	2,611,991	1,047,565	1,130,169	57,921	265,778	35,070	5,148,494
Finance expense	_	_	(588,968)	(145)	(3,241)	_	(592,354)
Net profit attributable to quasi-equity	(815,150)	(252,203)		-	(73,717)	-	(1,141,070)
Net (impairment losses) / reversal of impairment	. , ,	, , ,			` ' '	-	, , , ,
on financing assets	(214,509)	(669,040)	(59,005)	-	798		(941,756)
Net impairment losses on investments	-	-	(33,209)	(1,401)	=	(14,885)	(49,495)
Net (impairment losses) / reversal of impairment on due from			` , ,	, ,		` ' '	` ' '
banks and other exposures subject to credit risk	(49,709)	6	(48,246)	(100)	-	-	(98,049)
Staff costs, depreciation and amortization and other expenses				(13,142)	(109,724)	(840,053)	(962,919)
Reportable segment profit / (loss) before tax	1,532,623	126,328	400,741	43,133	79,894	(819,868)	1,362,851
31 December 2022 (Audited)							
Reportable segment assets	79,652,471	28,369,584	42,041,202	184,929	13,469,098	3,815,929	167,533,213
Reportable segment liabilities	5,247,917	2,468,184	39,813,956	13,613	3,768,817	3,383,907	54,696,394
Reportable segment quasi-equity	55,267,385	20,051,295	5,182,712		8,053,487		88,554,879

### 8 FINANCING ASSETS

(a) By type	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
Receivables and balances from financing activities:			
Murabaha	83,588,432	80,136,882	76,498,047
Ijarah	35,179,063	43,974,590	43,844,797
Istisna'a	57,384	356,111	966,378
Musharaka	4,440,093	5,178,141	4,841,761
Others	417,350	956,165	566,816
Accrued profit	1,339,253	1,123,612	925,612
Total financing assets	125,021,575	131,725,501	127,643,411
Deferred profit	(10,218,180)	(10,021,573)	(7,925,226)
Allowance for impairment - Performing (Stages 1 and 2)*	(593,312)	(445,960)	(1,040,639)
Allowance for impairment - Non-performing (Stage 3)*	(3,714,123)	(2,935,039)	(1,725,064)
Profit in suspense*	(548,603)	(463,648)	(311,197)
Net financing assets	109,947,357	117,859,281	116,641,285

<sup>\*</sup>For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

The total non-performing financing assets net of deferred profit at 30 September 2023 amounted to QAR 7,433 million representing 6.47% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit (31 December 2022: QAR 7,295 million representing 5.99% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit; 30 September 2022: QAR 3,720 million representing 3.11% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit).

### (b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January	3,380,999	463,648	3,844,647
Charge for the period	1,108,189	99,974	1,208,163
Recoveries / reversals during the period	(180,388)	(15,019)	(195,407)
Write off during the period	(2,003)	-	(2,003)
Effect of foreign currency movement	638		638
Balance as at 30 September	4,307,435	548,603	4,856,038
	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	31 December 2022 (Audited)
Balance as at 1 January	1,827,097	52,762	1,879,859
Charge for the year	1,749,740	416,928	2,166,668
Recoveries / reversals during the year	(193,285)	(6,042)	(199,327)
Write-off during the year	(704)	-	(704)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(1,849)		(1,849)
Balance at 31 December	3,380,999	463,648	3,844,647

## **8 FINANCING ASSETS (continued)**

## (b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets (continued)

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January	1,827,097	52,762	1,879,859
Charge for the period	1,155,712	263,595	1,419,307
Recoveries / reversals during the period	(213,956)	(5,160)	(219,116)
Write off during the period	(327)	-	(327)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(2,823)		(2,823)
Balance as at 30 September	2,765,703	311,197	3,076,900
9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES			
	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
Debt-type investments classified as amortised cost Fixed profit rate - Quoted Fixed profit rate - Unquoted Floating profit rate - Quoted Government of Qatar - Quoted Government of Qatar - Unquoted Accrued profit Less: Allowance for impairment*	4,584,081 53,142 370,070 2,189,193 28,819,980 356,935 (84,181) 36,289,220	3,401,458 57,162 77,459 3,944,120 23,365,000 346,619 (109,512) 31,082,306	3,141,418 57,162 27,699 3,912,626 24,265,000 330,106 (109,844) 31,624,167
Equity-type investments classified as fair value through other comprehensive income - Quoted - Unquoted Accrued profit	403,541 115,607 3,061	289,451 102,816 2,085	238,564 104,187 1,095
- -	522,209	394,352	343,846
	36,811,429	31,476,658	31,968,013

<sup>\*</sup>For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

## 9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

The cumulative change in the fair value of investment securities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income during the period / year is as follows:

0 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
45,140	35,123	35,123
11,043	10,017	17,431
56,183	45,140	52,554
(12,230)	_	-
(7,103)	(12,230)	(7,268)
(19,333)	(12,230)	(7,268)
36,850	32,910	45,286
0 September 2023	31 December 2022	30 September 2022
(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
773.978	99.849	83,790
		286,983
-	, -	655,028
25,678,866	24,631,941	23,764,880
2,920,772	3,139,915	3,158,787
114,139	86,940	53,568
29,863,484	28,804,957	28,003,036
	(Reviewed)  45,140 11,043  56,183  (12,230) (7,103)  (19,333)  36,850  0 September 2023 (Reviewed)  773,978 375,729  25,678,866 2,920,772 114,139	(Reviewed)       (Audited)         45,140       35,123         11,043       10,017         56,183       45,140         (12,230)       -         (7,103)       (12,230)         36,850       32,910         O September 2023       32,910         (Reviewed)       (Audited)         773,978       99,849         375,729       846,312         25,678,866       24,631,941         2,920,772       3,139,915         114,139       86,940

The market value of securities given as collateral against the repurchase agreements are QAR 3,087 million (31 December 2022: QAR 3,347 million; 30 September 2022: QAR 3,324 million).

## 11 SUKUK AND DEBT FINANCING

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
Face value of sukuk and debt financing Less: Unamortised transaction costs Add: Net IFRS 3 adjustments Profit payable	7,708,432 (3,207) 1,604 78,867	7,584,261 (6,476) 50,547 53,844	7,484,603 (7,552) 66,886 70,793
	7,785,696	7,682,176	7,614,730

## 11 SUKUK AND DEBT FINANCING (continued)

The movement in sukuk and debt financing issued by the Group during the period / year is as follows:

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)
Balance at 1 January, as restated	7,682,176	7,735,618	7,735,618
Net issuances during the period / year	546,076	109,184	-
Repayments during the period / year	(604,518)	(293,660)	(181,331)
Amortisation of transaction costs	3,269	4,477	3,406
Amortisation of IFRS 3 adjustments	(48,943)	(70,309)	(53,970)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(5,621)	(37,884)	(59,952)
Finance expense for the period / year	213,257	234,750	170,959
Balance at 30 September / 31 December	7,785,696	7,682,176	7,614,730

### 12 OTHER BORROWINGS

Short-term investment accounts

Profit payable to participatory investment accounts

Share in the reserve attributable to quasi-equity

The movement in other borrowings issued by the Group during the period / year is as follows:

	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023	2022	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January Net issuances during the period / year Repayments during the period / year Amortisation of transaction costs Profit payable on borrowings Other movements	3,843,236 1,447,553 (756,302) 5,195 45,786	5,699,994 725,910 (2,620,722) 9,852 28,202	5,699,994 361,866 (1,637,898) 8,368 24,236 110
Balance at 30 September / 31 December	4,585,468	3,843,236	4,456,676
13 PARTICIPATORY INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS			
	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023	2022	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Saving accounts Term accounts	6,914,158	8,395,652	8,088,695
	71,560,824	75,167,905	70,615,413

3,996,112

83,110,036

637,540

1,402

4,541,090

88,554,879

448,846

1,386

4,954,275

83,973,181

312,432

2,366

#### 14 EQUITY

#### (a) Share capital

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
Authorised - Issued and fully paid 9,300,000,000 shares at QAR 1 each	9,300,000	9,300,000	9,300,000
(b) Legal reserve			
	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January Transfer from retained earnings <sup>1</sup>	9,644,166	9,644,166	9,644,166
Balance at 30 September / 31 December	9,644,166	9,644,166	9,644,166

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to QCB Law No. 13 of 2012, 10% of the profit for the year is required to be transferred to the legal reserve until the reserve equals 100% of paid up capital. No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 September 2023, as legal reserve reached 100% of the paid up capital.

## (c) Risk reserve

In accordance with QCB circular 102/2011, risk reserve has been created to cover contingencies on both the public and private sector financing activities, with a minimum requirement of 2.5% of the total private sector exposure granted by the Group inside and outside Qatar after the exclusion of provisions and profit in suspense. The finance provided to/or secured by the Ministry of Finance or finance against cash guarantees are excluded from the gross direct financing, which should be appropriated from shareholders' profit according to QCB instructions.

In accordance with QCB approval, only 50% of the required amount of risk reserve for 2021 was appropriated from retained earnings. The remaining unappropriated risk reserve amounting to QAR 486 million will be rebuilt within a period of 5 years through annual transfers of QAR 97 million from retained earnings. The first of such annual transfers was done during the year ended 31 December 2022 and was included in the total risk reserve transfer of QAR 116 million made for that year. No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 September 2023 as Masraf will transfer the required amount by 31 December 2023.

### 14 EQUITY (continued)

#### (d) Fair value reserve

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	32,844	36,125	36,125
Net unrealised gains / (losses)	3,940	(2,213)	10,163
Effective portion of cash flow hedge	_	(725)	9,541
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(4,497)	(525)	(525)
Transfer to consolidated income statement	951	-	-
Share in the reserve attributable to quasi-equity	(16)	182	(798)
Net fair value movement	378	(3,281)	18,381
Balance at 30 September / 31 December (shareholders' share)	33,222	32,844	54,506

#### (e) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

## (f) Other reserves

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)	31 December 2022 (Audited)	30 September 2022 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	140,512	127,274	127,274
Share of results of associates	-	27,201	-
Dividend from associates transferred to retained earnings	-	(10,700)	-
Other movement		(3,263)	
Balance at 30 September / 31 December	140,512	140,512	127,274

No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 September 2023, as Masraf will transfer the share of results of associates to other reserves by 31 December 2023.

## (g) Dividend

On 15 March 2023, the General Assembly approved a cash dividend of 10% of the paid up share capital (2022: 17%) amounting to QAR 930 million (2022: QAR 1,581 million).

#### 15 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

This represents the Group's non-controlling interest in Al Rayan (UK) Limited (25%) and Al Rayan Bank PLC (26.24%) (31 December 2022: Al Rayan (UK) Limited - 25% and Al Rayan Bank PLC – 26.24%).

## 16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(a) Contingent liabilities	20.5		20.0
	30 September 2023	31 December 2022	30 September 2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Unutilised credit facilities	933,087	1,026,611	1,261,665
Guarantees	10,899,806	13,102,552	13,834,108
Letters of credit	1,141,834	1,461,838	1,797,511
	12,974,727	15,591,001	16,893,284
Contingent liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary <sup>1</sup>	352,696	502,707	502,827
<sup>1</sup> Contingent liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary consist	of the following:		
	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Audited)	2022 (Reviewed)
Unutilised credit facilities	149,985	242,400	212,905
Guarantees	194,907	254,074	287,262
Letters of credit	7,804	6,233	2,660
	352,696	502,707	502,827
(b) Other undertakings and commitments			
	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023	2022	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Profit rate swap	6,573,315	7,957,104	8,896,161
Unilateral promise to buy/sell currencies	11,450,452	8,604,329	8,412,834
Currency swap	68,413	68,413	68,413
	18,092,180	16,629,846	17,377,408
	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023	2022	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Capital commitments in respect of Head Office building under			
construction	125,397	187,926	209,804

#### 17 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September		
	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed) (Restated)	
Net profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Bank	1,237,645	1,331,160	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period (thousand)	9,300,000	9,300,000	
Basic earnings per share (QAR)	0.133	0.143	

There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding at any time during the period. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share are equal to the basic earnings per share.

### 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the interim consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with original maturities of less than three months:

	30 September 2023	30 September 2022
	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
Cash on hand and balances with QCB excluding cash reserve	1,202,060	1,037,832
Due from banks	5,215,304	2,477,978
Investment securities	361,251	-
Add: Allowance for impairment	87	53
	6,778,702	3,515,863

## Non-cash transaction:

The following non-cash activity entered into by the Group is not reflected in the interim consolidated statement of cash flows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Group recognized Ijarah contract additions and modifications resulting to increase in right-of-use assets amounting to QAR 8,514 thousand during the period (31 December 2022: QAR 7,797 thousand, 30 September 2022: QAR 5,878 thousand).

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2023

### 19 RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include the significant shareholders and entities over which the Group and the shareholders exercise significant influence, directors and executive management of the Group.

### (a) Transactions and balances

	30 September 2023 (Reviewed)		31 December 2022 (Audited)			30 September 2022 (Reviewed)			
	Associate	Board of	Major	Associate	Board of	Major	Associate	Board of	Major
	companies	Directors	shareholders	companies	Directors	Shareholders	companies	Directors	shareholders
Consolidated statement of financial									
position items:									
Financing assets	-	17,759	3,668,183	-	670,327	3,808,408	-	674,473	3,762,006
Customer current accounts	68,537	81,643	-	76,233	172,495	3	85,837	57,011	-
Participatory investment accounts	13,280	149,537	18,545,125	75,700	252,190	19,004,065	16,645	250,749	18,719,443
Other assets	-	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000	-	-
Other liabilities	-	-	96,045	-	-	97,588	-	-	89,030
Contingent liabilities:									
Letters of credit	-	707	-	-	3,327	-	-	498	-
Guarantees	128,452	99,313	-	107,326	110,845	-	96,195	121,785	-

For the nine-month period ended 30 September

			30 septe	mber		
		2023 (Reviewe	ed)	2022 (Reviewed)		
	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Major shareholders	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Major shareholders
Consolidated income statement items:						
Income from financing activities	-	866	118,101	_	21,090	114,448
Net profit attributable to quasi-equity	975	5,822	625,369	259	3,289	197,366
Operating expenses	12,201	-	-	22,909	-	-

All the transactions with the related parties are substantially on the same terms, including profit rates and collateral, as those prevailing in comparable transactions with unrelated parties.

## 19 RELATED PARTIES (continued)

## (b) Transactions with key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the period were as follows:

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September		
	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed)	
Remuneration to Board of Directors including meeting allowances	15,625	14,175	
Salaries and other benefits - Key management	13,781	14,079	

## 20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the period. The capital adequacy ratio of the Group is calculated in accordance with the Basel III Committee guidelines as adopted by the QCB.

	30 September	31 December	30 September
	2023	2022	2022
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) capital	20,728,540	20,644,439	20,230,575
Additional Tier 1 capital	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Tier 2 capital	916,513	896,189	1,165,919
Total regulatory capital	22,645,053	22,540,628	22,396,494
Risk weighted assets			
Risk weighted assets for credit risk	98,249,087	103,470,735	100,198,275
Risk weighted assets for market risk	377,449	643,630	4,328,619
Risk weighted assets for operational risk	6,964,249	6,964,249	6,063,541
Total risk weighted assets	105,590,785	111,078,614	110,590,435

## 20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

	CET 1 ratio without capital conservation buffer	CET 1 ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 and 2 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Total capital including capital conservation buffer and DSIB <sup>1</sup> buffer	Total capital including conservation buffer, DSIB <sup>1</sup> buffer and ICAAP Pillar II capital charge
30 September 2023 Actual Minimum QCB limit	19.63% 6.00%	19.63% 8.50%	20.58% 10.50%	21.45% 12.50%	21.45% 13.50%	21.45% 15.38%
31 December 2022 Actual Minimum QCB limit	18.59% 6.00%	18.59% 8.50%	19.49% 10.50%	20.29% 12.50%	20.29% 13.50%	20.29% 15.38%
30 September 2022 Actual Minimum QCB limit	18.29% 6.00%	18.29% 8.50%	19.20% 10.50%	20.25% 12.50%	20.25% 13.50%	20.25% 15.54%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Domestic Systemically Important Bank

### 21 DISCLOSURE OF SOURCES AND APPLICATION OF CHARITY FUND FOR THE PERIOD

	For the nine-month period ended 30 September	
	2023 (Reviewed)	2022 (Reviewed)
Sources of charity fund		
Undistributed charity fund as at 1 January	46,745	9,927
Net earnings prohibited by Shari'a during the period	77,338	26,466
Total source of charity fund	124,083	36,393
Use of charity fund		
Researches, donations and other uses during the period	<u> </u>	
Undistributed charity fund as at 30 September	124,083	36,393

#### 22 BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 7 January 2021, the Bank and Al Khalij Commercial Bank P.Q.S.C. ("Al Khaliji") have entered into a merger agreement (the "Merger") as approved by the Board of Directors of both banks, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders of both the Bank and Al Khalij at their respective Extra-Ordinary General Assemblies held on 5 October 2021 and 6 October 2021, respectively.

On 2 November 2021, the QCB approved the Bank's merger with Al Khalij by way of absorption pursuant to Article 278 of the Commercial Companies Law Number 11 of 2015 and Article 161(2) of Law Number 13 of 2012 issuing the Qatar Central Bank Law and Regulation of Financial Institutions, and the merger agreement.

The Merger was effected through a share swap transaction at an exchange ratio of 0.5 Masraf share for every one share of Al Khaliji, corresponding to 1,800 million new shares issued to the shareholders of Al Khaliji at the close of business on 30 November 2021 (the "effective date").

## 22 BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

Al Khaliji shares were delisted from the Qatar Stock Exchange and the Bank issued 1,800 million new shares to the shareholders of Al Khaliji. Following the completion of the merger, Masraf shareholders owned approximately 81 percent of the combined bank and Al Khaliji shareholders owned approximately 19 percent. The merger transaction was accounted for in accordance with IFRS 3 - Business Combinations. IFRS 3 requires that an acquirer be identified in a business combination and acquisition accounting principles be applied. Masraf was identified as the "accounting acquirer" in this transaction.

The merger was effected to create a new Bank with the financial strength, expertise and global network that will become one of Qatar's and the region's leading Shari'a-compliant banks which will bolster Qatar's economic growth and finance development initiatives.

## (a) Share capital – issuance of new shares

Outstanding number of shares of Al Khaliji (Units '000) Exchange ratio Number of shares of the Bank issued to Al Khaliji shareholders (Units '000) Par value of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaiji shareholders (QAR 1 each) (QAR '000) Outstanding share capital of the Bank (QAR '000)	
Total share capital post acquisition (QAR '000)	9,300,000
(b) Purchase consideration	
Outstanding number of shares of the Bank (Units '000) Divided by the Bank's percentage of ownership in the Group	7,500,000 80.65%
Total number of shares of the Group (Units '000) Multiplied by Al Khaliji's percentage of ownership in the Group Total number of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaliji Multiplied by the Bank's share price on the effective date (QAR)	<b>9,300,000</b> 19.35% 1,800,000 4.85
Total purchase consideration (QAR '000)	8,730,000

#### (c) Share premium

In accordance with Qatar Commercial Companies' Law, any share premium on issuance of new shares will form part of the legal reserve.

Total purchase consideration	8,730,000
Par value of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaiji shareholders	(1,800,000)
Share premium	6,930,000
Legal reserve	
Al Khalij Commercial Bank (al khaliji) P.Q.S.C.	1,532,395
Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)	2,714,166
Total	4,246,561
Less: pre-acquisition legal reserve	(1,532,395)
Add: share premium on issuance of new shares	6,930,000
Closing balance post business combination <sup>1</sup>	9,644,166

#### 22 **BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)**

#### (c) **Share premium (continued)**

Risk reserve Al Khalij Commercial Bank (al khaliji) P.Q.S.C. Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)	495,195 
Total Less: pre-acquisition risk reserve	2,291,795 (495,195)
Closing balance post business combination <sup>1</sup>	1,796,600

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Prior to transfers from retained earnings

#### **(d)** Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The purchase consideration (also referred to as "purchase price") of the merger has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed using their fair values at the acquisition date.

	30 November 2021
Assets	
Cash and balances with central banks	1,433,464
Due from banks	6,216,979
Financing assets	35,434,561
Investment securities	10,924,453
Fixed assets	371,048
Assets of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary and Other assets	3,059,353
Intangible asset – Customer relationships	649,567
Intangible asset – Core deposits	223,471
Intangible asset – License	51,369
Total assets	58,364,265
Liabilities	
Due to banks	13,385,586
Customer current accounts	881,126
Participatory investment accounts	26,843,045
Debt securities	2,383,726
Other borrowings	3,270,966
Liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary and Other liabilities	2,747,302
	49,511,751
Instrument eligible for additional capital	1,000,000
Total liabilities	50,511,751
Al Khaliji net assets as at acquisition date attributable to its equity holders	7,852,514

The net assets recognised in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ended 30 September 2022 were based on a provisional assessment of their fair value while the Group continued its PPA exercise. The PPA exercise was not completed by the date when the 30 September 2022 interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved for issue.

## 22 BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

#### (d) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed (continued)

During 2022, the Group completed the Purchase Price Allocation ("PPA") exercise within twelve months from the acquisition date and the following items were covered:

- valuation of intangible assets including license, core deposits and customer relationships;
- valuation adjustments to the fair value of financing assets;
- valuation adjustments to the fair value of investment securities;
- valuation adjustments to the fair value of assets held by a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary; and
- valuation adjustments to the fair value of sukuk and debt financing.

### (e) Restatement of the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2022

As stated above, the 30 September 2022 comparative information has been restated to reflect the adjustments to the provisional amounts.

	As at 30 September 2022 (as previously reported)	Net restatement due to IFRS 3 adjustments	As at 30 September 2022 (as restated)
Financing assets	116,630,115	11,170	116,641,285
Investment securities	31,984,589	(16,576)	31,968,013
Other assets	4,276,759	26,611	4,303,370
Intangible assets, net	1,758,698	(51,652)	1,707,046
Sukuk and debt financing	7,547,844	66,886	7,614,730

## (f) Goodwill and intangible assets

During 2022, the Group has completed the PPA exercise of calculating the carrying value of Al Khaliji's assets and liabilities as at 30 November 2021, which is equal to fair value for the purpose of calculating goodwill. The goodwill is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating Al Khaliji into the Group.

	30 November 2021
Total purchase consideration Total fair value of identifiable net assets of Al Khaliji	8,730,000 (7,852,514)
Goodwill on business acquisition	877,486

### (g) Valuation approach and methodologies

### Customer relationship

- The income approach has been used in estimating the fair value of Al Khaliji's customer relationships as an intangible asset as at the effective date. The income approach values the customer relationship as the present value of the future earnings that it is expected to generate over its remaining useful economic life.
- Under the income approach, the Multi-period excess earnings method ("MPEEM") has been utilized which is a commonly accepted method for valuing customer relationships.

#### 22 BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

### (g) Valuation approach and methodologies (continued)

- MPEEM is a specific application of the discounted cash flow method where the value of an intangible asset is taken as the present value of the incremental (after-tax) cash flows attributable only to the subject intangible asset after deducting contributory asset charges ("CAC").
- The principle behind CAC is that an intangible asset "rents" or "leases" from a hypothetical third party all the assets it requires to produce the cash flows resulting from its development, that each project rents only those assets it needs (including element of goodwill) and not the ones that it does not need, and that each project pays the owner of the assets a fair return on (and of, when appropriate) the fair value of the rented assets.
- Thus, any net cash flows remaining after the CAC are attributable to the subject intangible asset being valued. The incremental after-tax cash flows attributable to the subject intangible asset are then discounted to their present value.

#### Core deposits

The incremental saving approach to valuation has been used in estimating the fair value of the core deposits as an intangible asset as at the effective date. Under this method, the economic benefits earned from the core deposits have been computed over the life of the core deposits considering an attrition rate. The incremental savings approach values the core deposits as the present value of the future savings that are expected to be generated over its remaining useful economic life. The incremental savings method utilized is a commonly accepted method for valuing core deposits.

### **License**

- License intangible assets represent the value attributable from operating profit expected to be generated by the Group's subsidiary, Al Khaliji France S.A. from its operations in France and United Arab Emirates. The intangible asset was valued using the multi-period excess earnings method, a commonly applied methodology for valuing operating license.

### 23 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During 2022, restatements to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 relating to adjustments to the provisional amounts of identified assets and liabilities acquired upon completion of the PPA exercise, and adjustment to foreign currency translation reserve to be consistent with *IAS 21 - The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*, have been incorporated by the Group. Prior to the restatement, a non-monetary item in a foreign currency that should be measured in terms of historical cost was translated using the closing exchange rate, which resulted to foreign exchange revaluation gains / (losses) in previous reporting periods.

These restatements had been carried out in accordance with the requirements of *IFRS 3 - Business Combinations* and *FAS 1 (Revised 2021) - General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements*. Accordingly, the comparative amounts for the period ended 30 September 2022 have also been restated to conform with the restatements carried out for 31 December 2021 consolidated financial statements. The effects of the restatements are summarised below:

## 23 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

## As at 30 September 2022:

		Net restatements			
Consolidated statement of financial position	As previously reported	IFRS 3 adjustments	Foreign currency translation reserve	As restated	
ASSETS					
Financing assets	116,630,115	11,170	-	116,641,285	
Investment securities	31,984,589	(16,576)	-	31,968,013	
Other assets	4,276,759	26,611	-	4,303,370	
Intangible assets, net	1,758,698	(51,652)	-	1,707,046	
Total assets	164,102,314	(30,447)	-	164,071,867	
LIABILITIES					
Sukuk and debt financing	7,547,844	66,886	-	7,614,730	
Total liabilities	55,755,571	66,886	-	55,822,457	
EQUITY					
Foreign currency translation reserve	(71,511)	-	(149,887)	(221,398)	
Retained earnings	1,861,185	(97,333)	149,887	1,913,739	
Total equity attributable to equity holders	23,198,444	(97,333)	-	23,101,111	

## For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2022:

	Net restatements			
Consolidated income statement	As previously reported	IFRS 3 adjustments	Foreign currency translation reserve	As restated
INCOME				
Income from financing activities	3,686,386	(62,301)	-	3,624,085
Income from investing activities	897,391	5,845	-	903,236
Foreign exchange gain (net)	177,181	-	68,474	245,655
TOTAL INCOME	5,136,476	(56,456)	68,474	5,148,494
EXPENSES				
Depreciation and amortisation	(40,837)	(94,847)	-	(135,684)
Finance expense	(646,324)	53,970	-	(592,354)
TOTAL EXPENSES	(1,514,396)	(40,877)	-	(1,555,273)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	1,374,717	(97,333)	68,474	1,345,858

## 23 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2022:

Tot the mile money period character seprember	Net res		tatements		
Consolidated statement of cash flows	As previously reported	IFRS 3 adjustments	Foreign currency translation reserve	As restated	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	•				
ACTIVITIES					
Adjustments for:					
Profit before tax for the year	1,391,710	(97,333)	68,474	1,362,851	
Depreciation and amortisation	40,837	94,847	-	135,684	
Amortization of transaction costs and IFRS 3 adjustments on sukuk financing and other					
borrowings	11,774	(53,970)	-	(42,196)	
Net amortisation of premium and discount on	61 0 <b>2</b> 7	(5.045)		55.002	
investment securities	61,827	(5,845)	-	55,982	
Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	2.540.462	(62.201)	60 171	2 555 625	
Change in financing assets	2,549,462 2,681,822	(62,301) 62,301	68,474	2,555,635 2,744,123	
Net cash from operating activities	11,116,879	02,301	<b>6</b> 8,474	11,185,353	
rect cash from operating activities	11,110,079	_	00,474	11,105,555	
NON-CASH ITEM					
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents held	(59,061)	-	(68,474)	(127,535)	
•					
As at 31 December 2021:					
		Net restatements			
Consolidated statement of financial resition	As previously	IFRS 3	Foreign currency	A = = 4 = 4 = A	
Consolidated statement of financial position	reported	adjustments	translation reserve	As restated	
ASSETS					
Financing assets	120,806,731	73,471	-	120,880,202	
Investment securities	32,775,088	(22,421)	-	32,752,667	
Other assets	3,253,204	26,611	-	3,279,815	
Intangible assets, net	1,758,698	43,195	-	1,801,893	
Total assets	174,033,860	120,856	-	174,154,716	
LIABILITIES					
Sukuk and debt financing	7,614,762	120,856	_	7,735,618	
Total liabilities	51,603,942	120,856	-	51,724,798	
	21,000,712	120,020		22,.21,,70	
EQUITY					
Foreign currency translation reserve	(5,915)	-	(81,413)	(87,328)	
Retained earnings	2,082,166	-	81,413	2,163,579	
Total equity attributable to equity holders	23,466,640	-	-	23,466,640	