MASRAF AL RAYAN (Q.P.S.C.)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2020

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To The Board of Directors Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) Doha – Qatar

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") comprising the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020, and the related interim consolidated statement of income for the three month and six month periods ended 30 June 2020, interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six month period then ended, and certain explanatory notes. The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") and the applicable provisions of Qatar Central Bank regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT (CONTINUED)

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the AAOIFI and applicable provisions of the Qatar Central Bank regulations.

Doha – Qatar July 13, 2020 For Deloitte & Touche

Qatar Branch

Walid Slim

Partner License No. 319

QFMA Auditor License No. 120156

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2020

	Notes	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
ASSETS Cash and balances with Qatar Central Bank Due from banks Financing assets Investment securities Investment in associates Fixed assets Other assets	8 9	4,789,202 4,396,958 78,103,982 20,931,079 538,574 258,010 320,983	3,122,860 6,035,090 74,837,309 21,378,706 527,398 227,731 267,427	3,404,916 3,357,828 74,799,904 19,966,574 529,146 200,535 284,057
TOTAL ASSETS		109,338,788	106,396,521	102,542,960
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES Due to banks Customer current accounts Sukuk financing Other borrowings Other liabilities	10 11 12	20,941,525 8,389,207 3,263,580 1,818,151 2,403,654	19,367,191 7,526,683 3,333,998 2,002,003 1,948,849	18,881,355 7,264,510 1,617,574 1,818,366 2,755,808
TOTAL LIABILITIES		36,816,117	34,178,724	32,337,613
EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS	13	59,028,256	58,085,882	57,146,991
EQUITY Share capital Legal reserve Risk reserve Fair value reserves Foreign currency translation reserve Other reserves Retained earnings	14 (a) 14 (b) 14 (c) 14 (d) 14 (e) 14 (f)	7,500,000 2,496,623 1,636,268 11,166 (18,713) 123,405 1,545,020	7,500,000 2,496,623 1,636,268 23,604 (9,703) 123,405 2,148,999	7,500,000 2,278,783 1,574,695 13,843 (14,426) 118,910 1,387,074
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE BANK Non-controlling interests	15	13,293,769 200,646	13,919,196 212,719	12,858,879 199,477
TOTAL EQUITY		13,494,415	14,131,915	13,058,356
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND EQUITY		109,338,788	106,396,521	102,542,960

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 13 July 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

Ali Bin Ahmed Al Kuwari

Chairman and Managing Director

Adel Mustafawi

Group Chief Executive Officer

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements



INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the Three and Six-Month Periods Ended 30 June 2020

		For The Th	ree-Month	For The Six-M	onth Period	
		Period Ende		Ended 30 June		
	Note	2020	2019	2020	2019	
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)	
Net income from financing activities		914,179	925,529	1,832,341	1,822,573	
Net income from investing activities		228,603	226,570	482,465	442,229	
6						
Total net income from financing and investing						
activities		1,142,782	1,152,099	2,314,806	2,264,802	
Fee and commission income		54,912	83,987	127,263	180,233	
Fee and commission expense		(496)	(561)	(988)	(1,028)	
Net fee and commission income		54,416	83,426	126,275	179,205	
Foreign exchange gain (net)		50,937	50,638	102,422	84,388	
Share of results of associates		(1,816)	800	12,348	14,879	
Other income		534	931	3,327	5,068	
TOTAL INCOME		1,246,853	1,287,894	2,559,178	2,548,342	
G		(0==44)	(0.5.44.0)	(400 441)	(100.011)	
Staff costs		(95,544)	(96,418)	(193,141)	(193,241)	
Depreciation Other expenses		(5,432) (66,898)	(4,568) (66,350)	(12,072) (134,308)	(9,140) (124,188)	
Finance expense		(169,988)	(224,239)	(373,735)	(432,621)	
i mance expense		(102,200)	(224,237)	(373,733)	(432,021)	
TOTAL EXPENSES		(337,862)	(391,575)	(713,256)	(759,190)	
Net (impairment losses) / reversals on due from banks	3 (a)	(115)	81	4	228	
Net (impairment losses) / recoveries and reversals on						
financing assets		(60,741)	9,362	(75,578)	5,763	
Net reversals / (impairment losses) on investment		c 421	(1.022)	(11.153)	(1.212)	
securities Net reversals / (impairment losses) on off balance		6,431	(1,933)	(11,153)	(1,312)	
sheet exposures subject to credit risk	3 (a)	22,753	(1,178)	14,018	1,065	
1 3	()					
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE RETURN						
TO INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS		877,319	902,651	1,773,213	1,794,896	
Less: Return to investment account holders		(340,121)	(366,294)	(688,157)	(709,439)	
PRODUCT DECODE TAX FOR THE DEDUCE		525 400	526257	1.005.056	1 005 457	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FOR THE PERIOD		537,198	536,357	1,085,056	1,085,457	
Tax credit / (expense)		1,534	(1,232)	456	(3,469)	
		529 5 22	525 125	1 005 513	1 001 000	
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		538,732	535,125	1,085,512	1,081,988	
Net profit for the period attributable to:						
Equity holders of the Bank		536,492	533,870	1,083,521	1,078,106	
Non-controlling interests		2,240	1,255	1,991	3,882	
		E20 F22	525 125	1 005 513	1 001 000	
		538,732	535,125	1,085,512	1,081,988	
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER						
SHARE (QAR)	17	0.072	0.071	0.144	0.144	

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part, and should be read in conjunction with, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2019 (Audited)	7,500,000	2,496,623	1,636,268	23,604	(9,703)	123,405	2,148,999	13,919,196	212,719	14,131,915
Change in foreign currency translation reserve Net gain on hedging of net investment in a	,	-	-	-	(120,114)	-	-	(120,114)	-	(120,114)
foreign subsidiary	-	_	_	-	111,104	_	-	111,104	-	111,104
Fair value reserve movement (Note 9)	-	-	-	(12,438)	-	-	-	(12,438)	-	(12,438)
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,083,521	1,083,521	1,991	1,085,512
Dividend declared and approved for 2019 (Note 14g) Net movement in non-controlling interests	<u>-</u>	- 	<u>-</u>	- -		- 	(1,687,500)	(1,687,500)	(14,064)	(1,687,500) (14,064)
Balance at 30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	7,500,000	2,496,623	1,636,268	11,166	(18,713)	123,405	1,545,020	13,293,769	200,646	13,494,415
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2018 (Audited)	7,500,000	2,278,783	1,574,695	0.760						
Change in foreign currency translation reserve			1,574,075	9,768	(13,809)	118,910	1,808,968	13,277,315	196,468	13,473,783
	; -	-	-	9,768	(13,809) (101,284)	118,910	1,808,968	13,277,315 (101,284)	196,468	(101,284)
Net gain on hedging of net investment in a foreign subsidiary	; - -	-	-	-	<u> </u>		1,808,968	(101,284) 100,667	<u>196,468</u> - -	
Net gain on hedging of net investment in a foreign subsidiary Fair value reserve movement (Note 9)	; - - -	- -	- - -	<u> </u>	(101,284)		- - -	(101,284) 100,667 4,075		(101,284) 100,667 4,075
Net gain on hedging of net investment in a foreign subsidiary Fair value reserve movement (Note 9) Profit for the period	- - - -	- - - -		-	(101,284)		1,808,968 - - - 1,078,106	(101,284) 100,667	196,468 - - - 3,882	(101,284) 100,667
Net gain on hedging of net investment in a foreign subsidiary Fair value reserve movement (Note 9) Profit for the period Dividend declared and approved for 2018	; - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	-	(101,284)		1,078,106	(101,284) 100,667 4,075 1,078,106	3,882	(101,284) 100,667 4,075 1,081,988
Net gain on hedging of net investment in a foreign subsidiary Fair value reserve movement (Note 9) Profit for the period	; - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	-	(101,284)		- - -	(101,284) 100,667 4,075		(101,284) 100,667 4,075

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

For the Six-Month I	Period Ended
30 June	2
2020	2019

		30 Ju	пе
	Notes	2020	2019
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax for the period		1,085,056	1,085,457
Adjustments for:			
Net impairment losses / (reversal of impairment losses) on financing assets		75,578	(5,763)
Net impairment losses on investment securities		11,153	1,312
Net reversal of impairment losses on other financial assets		(14,018)	(1,065)
Fair value loss on investment securities carried as fair value through			
income statement		103	4
Unrealized (gain) / loss on revaluation of Shari'a compliant risk			
management instruments		(3,972)	1,041
Depreciation		12,072	9,140
Amortization of transaction costs		2,764	2,405
Net gain on sale of investment securities		(6,047)	(7,192)
Dividend income		(1,449)	(2,528)
Share of results of associates		(12,348)	(14,879)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		-	25
Amortisation of premium and discount on investment securities		(10,525)	(7,016)
Employees' end of service benefit provisions		2,869	2,823
Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		1,141,236	1,063,764
Change in reserve account with Qatar Central Bank		(84,103)	(96,574)
Change in due from banks		(0.,100)	163,823
Change in financing assets		(3,341,308)	(2,278,802)
Change in other assets		(31,588)	(19,186)
Change in profit receivable from investments		2,928	(17,932)
Change in due to banks		1,392,309	2,098,713
Change in customer current accounts		862,524	(4,306)
Change in other liabilities		286,337	751,447
Change in profit payable on sukuk financing and other borrowings		13,764	13,157
change in prom payable on suman imaneing and only come mags		242,099	1,674,104
		ŕ	
Dividend received		1,449	2,528
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(202)	(1,711)
Tax paid		(2,151)	(557)
Net cash from operating activities		241,195	1,674,364
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investment securities		(314,348)	(3,060,109)
Proceed from sale / redemption of investment securities		679,810	2,349,003
Acquisition of fixed assets		(44,267)	(20,753)
Dividend received from associates		4,000	10,699
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities		325,195	(721,160)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Change in equity of investment account holders		942,941	2,846,767
Net repayment of sukuk financing and other borrowings		(31,787)	(113,209)
Dividends paid		(1,523,070)	(1,393,612)
Net movement in non-controlling interest		(14,064)	(873)
Net cash (used in) / from financing activities		(625,980)	1,339,073
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(59,590)	2,292,277
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		6,554,696	1,790,022
NON-CASH ITEM			
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents held		3,697	(2,143)
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	18	6,498,803	4,080,156
-			

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) ("Masraf" or "the Bank") is an entity domiciled in the State of Qatar and was incorporated on 4 January 2006 as a Qatari Public Shareholding Company under Qatar Commercial Companies' Law No. 5 of 2002, as amended by Qatar Commercial Companies' Law No. 11 of 2015, under decision No. 11 of 2006. The commercial registration number of the Bank is 32010. The address of the Bank's registered office is at P.O. Box 28888, Grand Hamad Steet, Doha, Qatar. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2020 comprise the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group" and individually as "Group entities"). The Group is primarily involved in Islamic banking, financing, investing and brokerage activities, and has 17 branches including the head office in Qatar. The Parent Company / Ultimate Controlling Party of the Group is Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.).

The principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

Entity's name	Country of incorporation Entity's capital		Entity's activities	Effective percentage of ownership		
					30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Al Rayan Investment L.L.C.	Qatar	USD 100	0,000,000	Investment banking	100.0%	100.0%
Al Rayan Financial Brokerage L.L.C. ¹	Qatar	QAR 50	0,000,000	Financial brokerage	100.0%	100.0%
Al Rayan (UK) Limited ²	UK	GBP 100	0,000,000	Investment activities	70.0%	70.0%
Al Rayan Partners L.L.C.	Qatar	QAR 10	0,000,000	Real estate consulting	100.0%	100.0%
Lusail Waterfront Investment Co.	Cayman Islands	USD	50,000	Investment activities	100.0%	100.0%
MAR Sukuk Limited ³	Cayman Islands	USD	50,000	Sukuk issuance	100.0%	100.0%

¹ The operations have ceased since 12 January 2017 after Qatar Financial Markets Authority ("QFMA") approved to freeze its license for two years, which had been extended up to 10 September 2019. The Board of Directors are in the process of finalizing the status of Al Rayan Financial Brokerage to comply with the QFMA requirements.

The Bank and another locally-listed bank, Al Khalij Commercial Bank P.Q.S.C., announced on 30 June 2020 that they have entered into initial negotiations regarding a potential merger. The potential merger is subject to the approval of the Qatar Central Bank ("QCB"), the QFMA, the Ministry of Commerce and Industry and other relevant official bodies in the State of Qatar, and the approval of the shareholders in each bank after completion of a detailed legal and financial due diligence. If the merger is approved, the new merged entity will maintain all its dealings in compliance with Shari'a principles.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") and the applicable provisions of the QCB regulations. In line with the requirements of AAOIFI, for matters that are not covered by FAS, the Group uses the guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

² Al Rayan (UK) Limited owns 98.34% of its subsidiary, Al Rayan Bank PLC (formerly known as Islamic Bank of Britain PLC). Effectively, the Bank owns 68.84% of Al Rayan Bank PLC. Al Rayan Bank PLC is the designated "Servicer" of Tolkien Funding Sukuk No. 1 Plc, a special purpose entity incorporated in the UK for the purpose of sukuk issuance for the benefit of Al Rayan Bank PLC.

³ MAR Sukuk Limited was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability for the purpose of sukuk issuance and other activities, for the benefit of the Bank.

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2019. In addition, results for the six-month period ended 30 June 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2020.

The preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, except as disclosed in Note 21.

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 except as disclosed in Note 21.

(b) Basis of measurement

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement at fair value of financial investments classified as "investments at fair value through equity", "investments at fair value through income statement" and "Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments".

(c) Functional and presentational currency

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Qatari Riyals ("QAR"), which is the Bank's functional and presentational currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest QAR thousand except when otherwise indicated. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

(d) New standards, amendments and interpretations

(i) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2020

FAS 31 - Investment Agency (Al-Wakala Bi Al-Istithmar)

AAOIFI has issued FAS 31 in 2019. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of accounting and financial reporting for the investment agency (Al-Wakala Bi Al-Istithmar) instruments and the related assets and obligations from both the principal (investor) and the agent perspectives.

FAS 33 - Investment in sukuk, shares and similar instruments

AAOIFI has issued FAS 33 in 2018. FAS 33 supersedes the earlier FAS 25 - Investment in sukuks, shares and similar instruments. The objective of this standard is to set out improved principles for classification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of investments in sukuk, shares and other similar instruments of investment made by Islamic Financial Institutions in line with Shari'ah principles.

FAS 34 - Financial reporting for Sukuk-holders

AAOIFI has issued FAS 34 in 2018. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of accounting and financial reporting for assets and business underlying the Sukuk to ensure transparent and fair reporting for all stakeholders particularly Sukukholders.

The new standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020 and have no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(d) New standards, amendments and interpretations (continued)

(ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

The Group has not yet applied the following new and revised FASs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

FAS 32 - Ijarah

AAOIFI has issued FAS 32 in 2019. FAS 32 improves upon and supersedes FAS 8 - Ijarah and Ijarah Muntahia Bittamleek originally issued in 1997. This standard aims at setting out principles for the classification, recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of Ijarah type transactions including their different forms entered into by an institution, in both the capacities of lessor and lessee.

This standard shall be effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 with early adoption permitted.

FAS 35 - Risk Reserves

AAOIFI has issued FAS 35 in 2018. This standard along with FAS 30 - Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments" supersede the earlier FAS 11 - Provisions and reserves. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of accounting and financial reporting for risk reserves established to mitigate various risks faced by stakeholders, mainly the profit and loss taking investors, of Islamic financial institutions (IFIs/ the institutions).

This standard shall be effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 with early adoption permitted, only if the Group early adopts FAS 30 - Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the above standards.

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL")

(a) Expected credit loss / Impairment allowances

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as				
at 30 June 2020				
- Due from banks	4,396,067	1,060		4,397,127
- Financing assets	64,921,287	13,166,239	739,967	78,827,493
 Debt type investments carried at amortised cost 	20,337,805	424,994	57,162	20,819,961
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	12,215,674	1,282,155	5,274	13,503,103
on culture show on postates subject to enduring	101,870,833	14,874,448	802,403	117,547,684
Opening Balance - as at 1 January 2020	- ,,	,- , -	, , , , ,	,- ,
- Due from banks	173	-	-	173
- Financing assets	38,990	270,543	327,869	637,402
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	1,715	4,976	28,610	35,301
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	9,808	26,227	-	36,035
	50,686	301,746	356,479	708,911
Foreign currency translation for the period				
- Due from banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	(433)	(370)	(134)	(937)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(7)	-	-	(7)
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	- (110)			-
NT	(440)	(370)	(134)	(944)
Net transfer between stages				
Due from banksFinancing assets	(1.974)	(177)	2.051	-
 Pinancing assets Debt type investments carried at amortised cost 	(1,874) 1,629	(177) (1,629)	2,051	-
 Debt type investments carried at amortised cost Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk 	(45)	45	-	-
- On balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	(290)	(1,761)	2,051	
Charge / (reversal) for the period (net)	(270)	(1,701)	2,031	_
- Due from banks	(4)	_	_	(4)
- Financing assets	50,124	29,714	7,208	87,046
 Debt type investments carried at amortised cost 	1,407	2,633	- 1	4,040
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	8,754	(22,772)	_	(14,018)
ı J	60,281	9,575	7,208	77,064
Write offs	,	,	,	,
- Due from banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	-	-	-	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance - as at 30 June 2020	-	-	-	-
- Due from banks	169	_		169
- Financing assets	86,807	299,710	336,994	723,511
 Debt type investments carried at amortised cost 	4,744	5,980	28,610	39,334
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	18,517	3,500	-5,025	22,017
	110,237	309,190	365,604	785,031

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

(a) Expected credit loss / Impairment allowances (continued)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as at 30 June 2019				
- Due from banks	3,354,898	3,105	_	3,358,003
- Financing assets	62,215,155	12,613,312	560,237	75,388,704
 Debt type investments carried at amortised cost 	19,489,198	310,776	57,162	19,857,136
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	12,799,794	518,456	24,613	13,342,863
	97,859,045	13,445,649	642,012	111,946,706
Opening Balance - as at 1 January 2019	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,	,> ,
- Due from banks	403	-	-	403
- Financing assets	58,657	225,239	304,978	588,874
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	5,991	230	28,610	34,831
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	11,724	35,287		47,011
1 3	76,775	260,756	333,588	671,119
Foreign currency translation for the period	,	,	,	,
- Due from banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	4	(38)	(19)	(53)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-			
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	-	-	-	-
1	4	(38)	(19)	(53)
Net transfer between stages		` '	` ′	` /
- Due from banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	4,975	(4,975)	_	_
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(5,150)	5,150	-	-
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	1,240	(1,240)	-	-
1	1,065	(1,065)		
Charge / (reversal) for the period (net)	,	. , ,		
- Due from banks	(228)	-	-	(228)
- Financing assets	(25,958)	28,299	(2,362)	(21)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	1,702	(814)		888
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	(2,365)	1,300	-	(1,065)
	(26,849)	28,785	(2,362)	(426)
Write offs				
- Due from banks	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	-	-	-	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	-	-	-	-
	-	=	-	-
Closing Balance - as at 30 June 2019				
- Due from banks	175	-	-	175
- Financing assets	37,678	248,525	302,597	588,800
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	2,543	4,566	28,610	35,719
- Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	10,599	35,347	-	45,946
	50,995	288,438	331,207	670,640

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

(b) Credit quality assessments

The table below provides an analysis of counterparties by rating grades and credit quality of the Group's credit risk, based on Moody's ratings (or their equivalent):

Rating grade	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	Due from Banks
AAA to AA-	46,724,475	19,587,576	2,725,552	188
A+ to A-	8,514,984	120,172	4,650,435	4,373,030
BBB+ to BBB-	7,880,595	50,416	4,881,840	799
BB+ to B-	4,713,375	536,572	851,441	111
Unrated	10,994,064	525,225	393,835	22,999
Totals as of 30 June 2020	78,827,493	20,819,961	13,503,103	4,397,127
Rating grade	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Off balance sheet exposures subject to credit risk	Due from Banks
AAA to AA-	41,218,000	18,692,386	3,751,460	1,086
A+ to A-	12,124,427	197,843	4,521,142	2,904,409
BBB+ to BBB-	9,232,900	55,450	3,907,876	449,209
BB+ to B-	2,980,966	541,722	1,049,145	142
Unrated	9,832,411	369,735	113,240	3,157
Totals as of 30 June 2019	75,388,704	19,857,136	13,342,863	3,358,003

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as disclosed in Note 21, the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019.

(i) Valuation of financial instruments

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(i) Valuation of financial instruments (continued)

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Group determines fair values using valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and other valuation models. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark profit rates, credit spreads and other premia used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date, which would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

(ii) Financial asset and liability classification

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments Investment securities	- 47,867	42,181 102,585	<u> </u>	42,181 150,452
	47,867	144,766		192,633
Financial liabilities Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	<u>-</u>	35,889 35,889		35,889 35,889
31 December 2019 (Audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments Investment securities	38,359 38,359	20,213 118,070 138,283	- - - -	20,213 156,429 176,642
Financial liabilities Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	<u>-</u>	17,893 17,893		17,893 17,893

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost are equal to the carrying value, hence, not included in the fair value hierarchy table, except for investment securities for which the fair value amounts to QAR 3,095 million (31 December 2019: QAR 3,592 million), which is derived using Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The details of the Group's classification of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 6.

Investment securities totalling QAR nil are carried at cost (31 December 2019: QAR nil).

During the reporting periods 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 fair value measurements.

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

5 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Impairment losses on financial assets:

The measurement of impairment losses under FAS 30 across all categories of financial assets in scope requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk.

These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Bank's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Bank's internal credit grading model, which assigns PDs to the individual grades;
- The Bank's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment;
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Bank's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

(ii) Determining fair values

The determination of fair value for financial assets and liabilities for which there is no observable market price requires the use of valuation techniques as described in significant accounting policies (financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument).

6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Fair value through income statement	Fair value through equity	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
30 June 2020 (Reviewed)					
Cash and balances with QCB	-	-	4,789,202	4,789,202	4,789,202
Due from banks	-	-	4,396,958	4,396,958	4,396,958
Financing assets	-	-	78,103,982	78,103,982	78,103,982
Investment securities:					
- Measured at fair value	1,829	148,623	-	150,452	150,452
 Measured at amortised cost 	-	-	20,780,627	20,780,627	20,845,102
Other assets	-	-	3,507	3,507	3,507
Shari'a-compliant risk management					
instruments	42,181			42,181	42,181
	44,010	148,623	108,074,276	108,266,909	108,331,384
Due to banks	-	-	20,941,525	20,941,525	20,941,525
Customer current accounts	-	-	8,389,207	8,389,207	8,389,207
Sukuk financing			3,263,580	3,263,580	3,263,580
Other borrowings			1,818,151	1,818,151	1,818,151
Other liabilities	-	-	1,551,800	1,551,800	1,551,800
Equity of investment account					
holders	-	-	59,028,256	59,028,256	59,028,256
Shari'a-compliant risk					
management instruments	35,889			35,889	35,889
	35,889		94,992,519	95,028,408	95,028,408

6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	Fair value through income statement	Fair value through equity	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
31 December 2019 (Audited)					
Cash and balances with QCB	-	-	3,122,860	3,122,860	3,122,860
Due from banks	-	-	6,035,090	6,035,090	6,035,090
Financing assets Investment securities:	-	-	74,837,309	74,837,309	74,837,309
- Measured at fair value	1,892	154,537	-	156,429	156,429
 Measured at amortised cost 	-	-	21,222,277	21,222,277	21,342,171
Other assets	-	-	7,707	7,707	7,707
Shari'a-compliant risk management					
instruments	20,213			20,213	20,213
	22,105	154,537	105,225,243	105,401,885	105,521,779
Due to banks	-	-	19,367,191	19,367,191	19,367,191
Customer current accounts	-	-	7,526,683	7,526,683	7,526,683
Sukuk financing	-	-	3,333,998	3,333,998	3,333,998
Other borrowings	-	-	2,002,003	2,002,003	2,002,003
Other liabilities	-	-	1,119,374	1,119,374	1,119,374
Equity of investment account holders Shari'a-compliant risk	-	-	58,085,882	58,085,882	58,085,882
management instruments	17,893			17,893	17,893
	17,893		91,435,131	91,453,024	91,453,024

7 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has four reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. For each of the strategic divisions, the management reviews internal reports periodically. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

- Corporate Banking provides an extensive range of Islamic funded and non-funded credit facilities, deposit services, investment advisory, currency exchange facilities, profit rate swaps, financing syndication and and other services to Corporate, Commercial and Multinational Customers.
- Retail Banking provides investment accounts services, credit card and Islamic financing to retail and individual customers.
- Asset Management has two distinct functions. Firstly, the management of Masraf Al Rayan's portfolio of listed
 and private equities and funds, strategic investments, income producing instruments such as sukuks and real estate
 investments. Secondly, the development and operation of Masraf Al Rayan's investment products, asset
 management and investment placement business.
- International Operations includes loans, deposits and other products and services with corporate and individual customers in the Group's international locations.

Unallocated assets, liabilities and revenues are related to some central functions and non-core business operations, like common property & equipment, cash functions, development projects related payables etc.

Information regarding the results, assets and liabilities of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the management. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

7 OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Information about operating segments

30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Asset Management	International operations	Unallocated	Total
External revenue:						
Total income from financing and investing activities	1,450,038	687,516	13,556	163,696	-	2,314,806
Net fee and commission income	112,027	-	13,891	357	-	126,275
Foreign exchange gain / (loss)	104,106	-	-	(1,684)	-	102,422
Share of results of associates	-	-	-	-	12,348	12,348
Other income			169		3,158	3,327
Total segment revenue	1,666,171	687,516	27,616	162,369	15,506	2,559,178
Finance expense	(361,389)	-	(1,361)	(10,985)	-	(373,735)
Return to investment account holders	(426,275)	(199,537)	-	(62,345)	-	(688,157)
Net impairment losses on financing assets	(64,985)	(2,301)	-	(8,292)	-	(75,578)
Net impairment losses on investment securities	(10,273)	-	(873)	(7)	-	(11,153)
Net recoveries and reversals / (impairment losses) on other exposures						
subject to credit risk	18,556	(4,536)	(11)	13	-	14,022
Reportable segment profit before tax	821,805	481,142	16,462	5,652	(240,005)	1,085,056
Reportable segment assets	72,633,051	24,662,142	679,354	9,876,046	1,488,195	109,338,788
Reportable segment liabilities	29,611,726	2,870,506	128,899	2,440,544	1,764,442	36,816,117
Reportable segment equity of investment account holders	36,363,113	15,874,118		6,791,025		59,028,256

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

7 OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Information about operating segments (continued)

30 June 2019 (Reviewed)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Asset Management	International operations	Unallocated	Total
External revenue:						
Total income from financing and investing activities	1,509,299	573,152	16,469	165,882	-	2,264,802
Net fee and commission income	169,649	-	7,955	1,601	-	179,205
Foreign exchange gain / (loss)	83,526	-	(78)	940	-	84,388
Share of results of associates	-	-	-	-	14,879	14,879
Other income					5,068	5,068
Total segment revenue	1,762,474	573,152	24,346	168,423	19,947	2,548,342
Finance expense	(415,088)	_	(2,029)	(15,504)	-	(432,621)
Return to investment account holders	(462,326)	(194,121)	-	(52,992)	-	(709,439)
Net recoveries and reversals / (impairment losses) on financing assets	30,546	(23,793)	-	(990)	-	5,763
Net impairment losses / recoveries and reversals on investment securities	(129)	-	(1,184)	1	-	(1,312)
Net recoveries and reversals on other exposures subject to credit risk	1,292	1	-	-	-	1,293
Reportable segment profit before tax	916,769	355,239	12,184	15,363	(214,098)	1,085,457
Reportable segment assets	69,230,026	21,808,310	667,523	9,486,955	1,350,146	102,542,960
Reportable segment liabilities	24,711,206	2,442,162	146,856	2,622,236	2,415,153	32,337,613
Reportable segment equity of investment account holders	36,750,777	14,172,242		6,223,972		57,146,991

8 FINANCING ASSETS

(a) By type	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Receivables and balances from financing activities:			
Murabaha	56,420,007	55,138,706	54,668,187
Ijarah	19,887,501	18,472,205	17,232,344
Istisna'a	899,560	1,136,071	1,183,510
Musharaka	5,544,240	6,062,257	5,620,877
Others	703,970	392,640	405,990
Accrued profit receivable	322,510	428,547	391,620
Total financing assets	83,777,788	81,630,426	79,502,528
Deferred profit	(4,950,295)	(6,155,715)	(4,113,824)
Allowance for impairment - Performing (Stages 1 and 2)*	(386,517)	(309,533)	(286,203)
Allowance for impairment - Non-performing (Stage 3)*	(307,911)	(310,254)	(272,632)
Profit in suspense*	(29,083)	(17,615)	(29,965)
Net financing assets	78,103,982	74,837,309	74,799,904

^{*}For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

The total non-performing financing assets net of deferred profit at 30 June 2020 amounted to QAR 739,967 thousand representing 0.94% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit (31 December 2019: QAR 759,037 thousand representing 1.01% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit; 30 June 2019: QAR 560,237 thousand representing 0.74% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit).

(b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January Charge for the year Recoveries / reversals during the year Effect of foreign currency movement	619,787 141,382 (65,804) (937)	17,615 12,491 (1,023)	637,402 153,873 (66,827) (937)
Balance at 30 June	694,428	29,083	723,511
	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	31 December 2019 (Audited)
Balance as at 1 January Charge for the year Recoveries / reversals during the year Write off during the year Effect of foreign currency movement	564,650 241,853 (187,023) (34) 341	24,224 3,712 (10,321)	588,874 245,565 (197,344) (34) 341
Balance at 31 December	619,787	17,615	637,402

8 FINANCING ASSETS (continued)

(b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets (continued)

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January	564,650	24,224	588,874
Charge for the year	69,822	6,732	76,554
Recoveries / reversals during the year	(75,584)	(991)	(76,575)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(53)		(53)
Balance at 30 June	558,835	29,965	588,800
9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES			
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Investments classified as fair value through income statement			
Investments classified as held for trading (Quoted)			
Debt type investments - Fixed profit rate	1,818	1,881	638
Accrued profit receivable	11	11	4
	1,829	1,892	642
Debt-type investments classified as amortised cost			
Fixed profit rate - Quoted	1,517,065	1,898,971	1,602,599
Government of Qatar Sukuk - Quoted	1,303,664	1,356,252	1,316,645
Government of Qatar Sukuk - Unquoted Accrued profit receivable	17,750,000 249,232	17,750,000 252,355	16,700,000 237,892
Less: Allowance for impairment*	(39,334)	(35,301)	(35,719)
Less. Allowance for impairment	(37,334)	(33,301)	(33,717)
	20,780,627	21,222,277	19,821,417
Investments classified as fair value through equity			
• Equity type investments			
- Quoted	27,403	36,467	37,792
- Unquoted	102,585	118,070	106,723
 Debt type investments - Fixed profit rate 	18,528	=	-
Accrued profit receivable	107		
	148,623	154,537	144,515
	20,931,079	21,378,706	19,966,574

^{*}For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

The Group has recognized impairment loss for certain equity-type investments classified as fair value through equity during the period totalling QAR 7,113 thousand (30 June 2019: QAR 424 thousand), due to significant and prolonged reduction in fair values.

9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

The cumulative change in fair value of investments designated as fair value through equity during the period / year is as follows:

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Positive fair value:			
Balance at 1 January	24,634	10,241	10,241
Net change in fair value Transferred to consolidated income statement on sale Share of other comprehensive income of associates Net fair value movement	(736) (217) 2,803 1,850	21,643 (6,357) (893) 14,393	11,354 (6,357) (893) 4,104
Balance at 30 June / 31 December	26,484	24,634	14,345
Negative fair value:			
Balance at 1 January	(1,030)	(473)	(473)
Net change in fair value Transferred to consolidated income statement due to impairment Net fair value movement	(21,401) 7,113 (14,288)	(1,208) 651 (557)	(453) 424 (29)
Balance at 30 June / 31 December	(15,318)	(1,030)	(502)
Total fair value at 30 June / 31 December	11,166	23,604	13,843
10 DUE TO BANKS			
	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Wakala payable Commodity murabaha payable Repurchase agreements Short-term murabaha facilities from banks Current and short-term investment accounts Profit payable to banks	16,560,572 1,830,716 1,766,501 553,116 140,807 89,813	14,815,657 2,127,992 1,888,927 433,584 18,180 82,851	15,044,183 1,094,697 1,580,649 801,274 295,098 65,454
	20,941,525	19,367,191	18,881,355

11 SUKUK FINANCING

The Group has issued the following debt securities under its sukuk programs:

Instrument	Issuer	Issued amount	Issued on	Maturity	Profit rate
Sukuk	MAR Sukuk Limited	USD 100 million	20 November	20 November	3-month USD LIBOR +
			2018	2023	1.75% p.a. payable
					quarterly
Sukuk	MAR Sukuk Limited	USD 90 million	21 November	21 November	3-month USD LIBOR +
			2018	2023	1.75% payable quarterly
Sukuk	MAR Sukuk Limited	USD 500 million	13 November	21 November	Fixed rate of 3.025%
			2019	2024	payable semi-annually
Sukuk	MAR Sukuk Limited	USD 40 million	12 March	13 March	3-month USD LIBOR +
			2020	2023	1.05% payable quarterly
Sukuk	Tolkien Funding	GBP 221 million	20 February	20 July	3-month Sterling LIBOR
	Sukuk No.1 Plc		2018	2052	+ 0.8% payable quarterly

12 OTHER BORROWINGS

Other borrowings are USD floating rate syndications that are priced at spreads over LIBOR and which have residual maturities of 1 to 3 years. The movement in other borrowings issued by the Group during the year is as follows:

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	2,002,003	2,052,993	2,052,993
Issuances during the period / year	-	182,025	_
Repayments during the period / year	(8,965)	(10,055)	(10,055)
Amortisation of transaction cost	2,500	4,707	2,310
Reclassified as Due to banks	(182,025)	(236,632)	(236,632)
Profit payable on borrowings	4,638	8,965	9,750
Balance at 30 June / 31 December	1,818,151	2,002,003	1,818,366
13 EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS			

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019	30 June 2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Term accounts	45,739,491	47,948,623	46,647,658
Saving accounts	7,404,396	6,532,105	5,901,152
Short-term investment accounts	5,506,893	3,255,255	4,259,110
Profit payable to equity of investment account holders	376,967	348,823	338,481
Share in the fair value reserves	509	1,076	590
	59,028,256	58,085,882	57,146,991

14 OWNERS' EQUITY

(a) Share capital

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Authorised 7,500,000,000 shares at QAR 1 each	7,500,000	7,500,000	7,500,000
(b) Legal reserve			
	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January Transfer from retained earnings	2,496,623	2,278,783 217,840	2,278,783
Balance at 30 June / 31 December	2,496,623	2,496,623	2,278,783

According to QCB Law No. 13 of 2012, 10% of the profit for the year is required to be transferred to the legal reserve until the reserve equals 100% of paid up capital. No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 June 2020 as Masraf will transfer the required amount by 31 December 2020.

(c) Risk reserve

In accordance with QCB circular 102/2011, risk reserve has been created to cover contingencies on both the public and private sector financing activities, with a minimum requirement of 2.5% of the total private sector exposure granted by Masraf and its branches inside and outside Qatar after the exclusion of the specific provisions and profit in suspense. The finance provided to/or secured by the Ministry of Finance or finance against cash guarantees are excluded from the gross direct financing, which should be appropriated from shareholders' profit according to QCB instructions. No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 June 2020 as Masraf will transfer the required amount by 31 December 2020.

(d) Fair value reserve

This reserve comprises changes in fair value of investments designated as fair value through equity.

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	23,604	9,768	9,768
Net unrealised (losses) / gains	(21,628)	21,511	11,491
Transferred to consolidated income statement on sale	(217)	(6,357)	(6,357)
Transferred to consolidated income statement due to impairment	7,113	651	424
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	2,803	(893)	(893)
Share of equity of investment account holders in the fair value	, i		
reserve	(509)	(1,076)	(590)
Net fair value movement	(12,438)	13,836	4,075
Balance at 30 June / 31 December (shareholders' share)	11,166	23,604	13,843

Fair value reserves represent unearned gains / (losses), being not available for distribution unless realised and charged to the condensed consolidated income statement.

14 OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

(e) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations as well as from the translation of liabilities and gains and losses on Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments that hedge the Group's net investment in foreign operations.

(f) Other reserves

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	123,405	118,910	118,910
Share of results of associates	-	19,832	-
Dividend from associates transferred to retained earnings	-	(4,000)	-
Other movement		(11,337)	
Balance at 30 June / 31 December	123,405	123,405	118,910

No transfer has been made for the period ended 30 June 2020 as Masraf will transfer the share of results of associates to other reserves by 31 December 2020.

(g) Dividend

On 18 March 2020, the General Assembly approved a cash dividend of 22.5% of the paid up share capital (2019: 20%) amounting to QAR 1,687.5 million (2019: QAR 1,500 million).

15 NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

This represents the Group's non-controlling interest in Al Rayan (UK) Limited (30%) and Al Rayan Bank PLC (31.16%) (31 December 2019: Al Rayan (UK) Limited - 30% and Al Rayan Bank PLC - 31.16%).

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

The Group has long-term lease agreements for its office premises. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under these lease agreements are as follows:

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Payable not later than 1 year Payable later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	19,085	14,271	17,491
	31,655	21,925	22,400
	50,740	36,196	39,891

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

(b) Conti	ngent lial	oilities
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(b) Contingent liabilities			
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Unutilised credit facilities	731,467	418,711	476,999
Guarantees	11,783,178	12,355,598	12,046,189
Letters of credit	988,458	715,239	819,675
	13,503,103	13,489,548	13,342,863
(c) Other undertakings and commitments			
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Profit rate swap	731,328	562,551	3,812,005
Unilateral promise to buy/sell currencies	19,611,795	25,226,828	19,269,349
	20,343,123	25,789,379	23,081,354
Capital commitment - Head Office building under construction	353,922	392,325	415,119

17 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June	
	2020 2 (Reviewed) (Rev	
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Bank	1,083,521	1,078,106
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period (thousand)	7,500,000	7,500,000
Basic earnings per share (QAR)	0.144	0.144

There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding at any time during the period. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share are equal to the basic earnings per share.

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with original maturities of less than three months:

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Cash on hand and balances with QCB excluding cash reserve Due from banks	2,101,845 4,396,958	831,543 3,248,613
	6,498,803	4,080,156

19 RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include the significant owners and entities over which the Group and the owners exercise significant influence, directors and executive management of the Group.

Transactions with related parties

(a) Condensed consolidated statement of financial position items

~	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Liabilities Equity of investment account holders - customer	3,185,416	3,167,419	3,135,107
(b) Condensed consolidated income statement items			
		For the Six-Month Period End	
		2020	2019
		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
Return on equity of investment account holders - customer		27,922	37,808

(c) Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel and their immediate relatives have transacted with the Group during the period as follows:

	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2020	2019	2019
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Financing	5,508	478	475

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the period were as follows:

	For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June	
	2020 2019 (Reviewed) (Review	
Remuneration to Board of Directors including meeting allowances	10,739	14,804
Salaries and other benefits	6,559	8,571

20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the year. The capital adequacy ratio of the Group is calculated in accordance with the Basel III Committee guidelines as adopted by the QCB.

The Group is currently in the process of analyzing new capital requirements for Profit Rate Risk on Banking Book (PRRBB) and will start setting aside capital based on new standard under Pillar II from 30 June 2020 onwards.

				30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	31 December 2019 (Audited)	30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
Common Equity Tie	er 1 (CET 1) capit	al		12,390,795	12,251,191	11,961,580
Tier 1 capital Tier 2 capital			<u>-</u>	419,427	352,329	340,418
Total regulatory cap	ital		=	12,810,222	12,603,520	12,301,998
Risk weighted asset	ts					
Risk weighted assets Risk weighted assets Risk weighted assets	s for market risk	isk	_	59,224,098 552,187 5,241,574	56,373,722 564,026 5,241,574	55,813,721 2,475,119 4,956,019
Total risk weighted	assets		=	65,017,859	62,179,322	63,244,859
	CET 1 ratio without capital conservation buffer	CET 1 ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 and 2 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Total capital including capital conservation buffer and DSIB ¹ buffer	Total capital including conservation buffer, DSIB ¹ buffer and ICAAP Pillar II capital charge
30 June 2020 Actual Minimum QCB limit	19.06% 6.00%	19.06% 8.50%	19.06% 10.50%	19.70% 12.50%	19.70% 13.50%	19.70% 14.80%
31 December 2019 Actual Minimum QCB limit	19.70% 6.00%	19.70% 8.50%	19.70% 10.50%	20.27% 12.50%	20.27% 13.50%	20.27% 14.80%
30 June 2019 Actual Minimum QCB limit	18.91% 6.00%	18.91% 8.50%	18.91% 10.50%	19.45% 12.50%	19.45% 13.50%	19.45% 14.55%

¹ Domestic Systemically Important Bank

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2020

21 IMPACT OF COVID-19

The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic has spread across various geographies globally, causing disruption to business and economic activities. COVID-19 has brought about uncertainties in the global economic environment. The fiscal and monetary authorities, both domestic and international, have announced various support measures across the globe to counter possible adverse implications.

In addition, the Group's operations are concentrated in economies that are relatively dependent on the price of crude oil. As at the end of the financial reporting period, oil prices have witnessed unprecedented volatility. The Group is closely monitoring the situation and has activated its business continuity planning and other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption the COVID-19 outbreak may have on its operations and financial performance.

The Bank has performed an assessment of COVID-19 in light of the available guidance of QCB and FAS, which has resulted in the following changes to the expected credit loss methodology and valuation estimates and judgements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2020:

i. Expected credit losses

The uncertainties caused by COVID-19, and the volatility in oil prices have required the Group to update the inputs and assumptions used for the determination of ECLs as at 30 June 2020. ECLs were estimated based on a range of forecast economic conditions as at that date and considering that the situation is fast evolving, the Group has considered the impact of higher volatility in the forward-looking macro-economic factors, when determining the severity and likelihood of economic scenarios for ECL determination.

This volatility has been reflected through adjustment in the methods of scenario construction and the underlying weightages assigned to these scenarios. The forward-looking factor (here Credit Index or CI) used is determined from the observed historical credit index. The credit index is used to forecast expected point-in-time probability of defaults for the credit portfolio of the Bank. Interdependency exists between the CI and macro-economic factors as applicable, which for Qatar includes a) yearly weighted average oil price of \$ 45/barrel and weighted average real GDP growth of 1% for the financial year 2020 (31 December 2019: Oil price of \$ 60/barrel and GDP of 2.88%). The aforementioned values of macro-economic factors have been derived by applying weightings of 65%, 20% and 15% for base, stressed and improved scenarios, respectively (31 December 2019: 70%, 15% and 15% for base, stressed and improved scenarios). The situation is fast evolving and, accordingly, any downside scenarios will be reassessed if adverse conditions continue.

In addition to the assumptions outlined above, the Group has given specific consideration to the relevant impact of COVID-19 on the qualitative and quantitative factors when determining the significant increase in credit risk and assessing the indicators of impairment for the exposures in potentially affected sectors. This has resulted in staging downgrade of certain exposures and recognition of relevant ECLs and impairment allowances as disclosed in Note 3 to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ii. Valuation estimates and judgements

The Group has also considered potential impacts of the current economic volatility in determination of the reported amounts of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and these are considered to represent management's best assessment based on available or observable information. Markets, however, remain volatile and the recorded amounts remain sensitive to market fluctuations.

iii. Accounting for modified financing assets

Considering the economic circumstances post the COVID-19 outbreak, the QCB has encouraged banks in Qatar to delay repayments for affected sectors via a circular issued on 22 March 2020, pursuant to which the Bank has delayed repayments for certain customers for a period of six months.

iv. Accounting for zero rate repo facility

The QCB has advised banks to extend new financing to affected sectors at reduced rates, which is to be supported by zero-cost repo facilities from the QCB, and extended guarantees from the government of the State of Qatar to local banks to support these affected sectors. The Group has not utilized the zero-rate repos during the six-month period ended 30 June 2020.

21 IMPACT OF COVID-19 (continued)

v. Major events

The implications of the COVID-19 pandemic are ongoing and the outcome of this event is unknown and, therefore, the impact on the Group for conditions that arose after the period-end, i.e. "non-adjusting events" in line with IAS 10 "Subsequent events", cannot be reasonably quantified at the date of issuance of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The effect of COVID-19 on the Group, as and when known, will be further incorporated into the determination of the Group's estimates related to significant increase in credit risk, inputs, macroeconomic variables and weightages applied to scenarios in the expected credit loss model and fair valuation of financial assets in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the period ending 30 September 2020 as well as the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2020.