MASRAF AL RAYAN (Q.P.S.C.)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2022

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 March 2022

Contents	Page(s)
Independent auditor's review report	••
Interim condensed consolidated financial statements:	
Interim consolidated statement of financial position	1
Interim consolidated income statement	2
Interim consolidated statement of changes in equity	3
Interim consolidated statement of cash flows	4-5
Interim consolidated statement of sources and uses of charity fund	6
Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements	7-35



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RN: 1012/WS/FY2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To The Board of Directors Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) Doha – Qatar

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") comprising the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the related interim consolidated statement of changes in equity, interim consolidated statement of cash flows and interim consolidated statement of sources and uses of charity fund for the three month period then ended, and certain explanatory notes. The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") as modified by the Qatar Central Bank ("QCB"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the AAOIFI as modified by the QCB.

Doha – Qatar 27 April 2022 For Deloitte & Touche
Qatar Branch

Walid Slim

Partner

License No. 319

QFMA Auditor License No. 120156

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2022

•	Notes	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
) OF EATS				
ASSETS Cash and balances with central banks		E 571 016	5 220 212	6010415
Due from banks		5,571,016 4,605,782	5,220,712	6,218,415 6,417,333
Financing assets	8	122,191,939	9,155,812 120,806,731	91,296,744
Investment securities	9	31,886,971	32,775,088	20,615,493
Investment in associates	,	354,638	348,935	447,937
Fixed assets		754,338	714,680	281,551
Intangible asset		1,758,698	1,758,698	201,331
Other assets		3,681,378	3,253,204	224,817
OHO doord		3,001,370		224,017
TOTAL ASSETS		170,804,760	174,033,860	125,502,290
LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Due to banks	10	26,522,140	23,246,577	23,798,319
Customer current accounts	10	9,186,056	9,192,634	8,898,018
Sukuk and debt financing	11	7,616,984	7,614,762	5,975,700
Other borrowings	12	4,800,212	5,699,994	1,742,233
Other liabilities	12	5,551,029	5,849,975	2,633,074
Other habilities		3,331,023	3,043,373	2,033,074
TOTAL LIABILITIES		53,676,421	51,603,942	43,047,344
EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS	13	91,937,835	97,763,630	68,550,890
EOUITY				
Share capital	14 (a)	9,300,000	9,300,000	7,500,000
Legal reserve	14 (b)	9,644,166	9,644,166	2,714,166
Risk reserve	14 (c)	2,282,824	2,282,824	1,796,600
Fair value reserve	14 (d)	61,022	36,125	27,325
Foreign currency translation reserve	14 (e)	(12,125)	(5,915)	(2,535)
Other reserves	14 (f)	127,274	127,274	126,222
Retained earnings		2,588,373	2,082,166	1,511,915_
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY				
HOLDERS OF THE BANK		23,991,534	23,466,640	13,673,693
Non-controlling interest	15	198,970	199,648	230,363
Instrument eligible as additional capital		1,000,000	1,000,000	
TOTAL EQUITY		25,190,504	24,666,288	13,904,056
TOTAL LIABILITIES POSITIVOE INVOCATABLE				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS AND EQUITY		170,804,760	174,033,860	125,502,290

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 April 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mohamed Bin Hamad

Bin Qassim Al Thanil Chairman J. 2 - Octor

Hamad Bin Faisal Bin Thani Al Thani Vice Chairman Fahad Bin Abdulla Al Khalifa Group Chief Executive Officer

This statement and been prepared by the Management of the Group and stamped by the Auditors for identification purposes only

The attached notes 1 to 22 form part of, and should be read in conjunction with these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Purposes Only

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

		For the Three-Mo 31 M	
	Notes	2022 (Reviewed)	2021 (Reviewed)
Net income from financing activities Net income from investing activities		1,099,838 296,513	940,856 219,252
Total net income from financing and investing activities		1,396,351	1,160,108
Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense		93,501 (6,463)	71,285 (760)
Net fee and commission income		87,038	70,525
Foreign exchange gain (net) Share of results of associates Other income		62,988 10,228 397	38,628 6,007 1,568
TOTAL INCOME		1,557,002	_1,276,836_
Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses Finance expense		(182,147) (13,679) (76,846) (160,693)	(96,530) (4,659) (68,774) (143,789)
TOTAL EXPENSES		(433,365)	(313,752)
Net reversal of impairment / (impairment) losses on due from banks Net impairment losses on financing assets Net impairment losses on investment securities Net (impairment) / reversal of impairment losses on other exposures subject to credit risk	3 (a)	1,329 (272,051) (9,067)	(1,705) (84,296) (90,045)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE RETURN TO INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS	``	837,024	798,199
Less: Return to investment account holders		(321,001)	(218,390)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX FOR THE PERIOD		516,023	579,809
Tax expense		(5,246)	(3,032)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		510,777	576,777
Net profit for the period attributable to: Equity holders of the Bank Non-controlling interests		506,207 4,570	574,701 2,076
The same and the s		510,777	576,777
Delia-Octar	17	0.054	0.077

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Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Other	Retained	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank	Non- controlling interest	Instrument eligible as additional capital	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2021 (Audited)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,282,824	36,125	(5,915)	127,274	2,082,166	23,466,640	199,648	1,000,000	24,666,288
Change in foreign currency translation reserve Fair value reserve movement	1 1	1 1	1 1	19,226	(6,210)	1 1	ŧ I	(6,210) 19,226	1 1	1 6	(6,210) 19,226
Elective pointing of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges Net profit for the period Net movement in non-controlling interest	1 1 1	1 1 1		5,671	1 1 1		506,207	5,671	4,570 (5,248)	. , ,	5,671 510,777 (5,248)
Balance at 31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	9,300,000	9,644,166	2,282,824	61,022	(12,125)	127,274	2,588,373	23,991,534	198,970	1,000,000	25,190,504
	Share capital	Legal reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency franslation reserve	Other	Retained earnings	Total equity attributable to Non- equity holders controlling of the Bank interest	Non- controlling interest	Instrument eligible as additional capital	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2020 (Audited)	7,500,000	2,714,166	1,796,600	25,204	(3,618)	(3,618) 126,222	2,206,731	14,365,305	226,666		14,591,971
Change in foreign currency translation reserve Fair value reserve movement Gain on sale of FVTE investments		1 1 1	1 ()	7,604	1,083		5.483	1,083	1 4 1	, , ,	1,083
Net profit for the period Dividend declared and approved for 2020 Net movement in non-controlling interest	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 2			1 1 1	574,701	574,701 (1,275,000)	2,076		576,777 (1,275,000) 1,621
Balance at 31 March 2021 (Reviewed)	7,500,000	2,714,166	1,796,600	27,325	(2,535)	126,222	1,511,915	13,673,693	230,363		13,904,056

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27 APR 2022

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

		For the Three-Mon	
	Note	2022	2021
CART TO ANIC TRACT OPEN ATTRACT OF THE STATE OF		(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax for the period		516,023	579,809
Adjustments for:		510,025	379,009
Net (reversal of impairment) / impairment losses on			
due from banks		(1,329)	1,705
Net impairment losses on financing assets		272,051	84,296
Net impairment losses on investment securities		9,067	90,045
Net impairment / (reversal of impairment) losses on other exposures subject to credit risk		6,824	(11,161)
Fair value (gain) / loss on investment securities carried as fair value			
through income statement		(62)	51
Loss on hedging		195,107	-
Unrealized (gain) / loss on revaluation of Shari'a compliant risk management instruments		(238,093)	23,527
Depreciation and amortisation		13,679	4,659
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		85	4,009
Amortization of transaction costs on sukuk financing and		00	
other borrowings		2,538	1,543
Net gain on sale of investment securities		(253)	(32)
Dividend income		(4,367)	-
Share of results of associates		(10,228)	(6,007)
Amortisation of premium and discount on investment securities		25,592	(6,176)
Employees' end of service benefit provisions		27,896	1,495
Profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		814,530	763,754
Change in reserve account with Qatar Central Bank		278,551	(158,730)
Change in due from banks		(1,354,407)	(240,000)
Change in financing assets		(1,965,414)	(5,326,982)
Change in other assets		(260,389)	111,177
Change in profit receivable from investments		17,232	810
Change in due to banks Change in customer current accounts		3,275,563	(4,181,178) 406,021
Change in other liabilities		(6,578) 126,601	142,219
Change in profit payable on sukuk financing and other borrowings		61,692	35,911
Change in prompty work on statute in months and statute in the		987,381	(8,446,998)
Dividend received		4,367	_
Tax paid		(3,551)	(2,238)
Social and sports fund contribution		-	(54,386)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(28,225)	(64)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities		959,972	(8,503,686)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investment securities		(135,211)	(332,794)
Proceeds from sale / redemption of investment securities		788,765	319,926
Acquisition of fixed assets		(53,771)	(14,634)
Dividend received from associates		4,000	4,000

...continued

(23,502)

603,783

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Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities

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The attached notes 1 to 22 form part of, and should be read in conjunction with these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Purposes Only

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

		th Period Ended rch	
	Note	2022 (Reviewed)	2021 (Reviewed)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		,,	(
Change in equity of investment account holders		(5,826,876)	8,124,892
Net proceeds from sukuk financing and other borrowings		361,865	470,144
Repayments of sukuk financing and other borrowings		(1,310,072)	(88,572)
Net repayment of Ijarah liabilities		(6,700)	-
Dividends paid		(43,920)	(1,120,660)
Net movement in non-controlling interest		(5,248)	1,621
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(6,830,951)	7,387,425
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(5,267,196)	(1,139,763)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		9,140,950	10,713,783
NON-CASH ITEM			
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents held		(9,714)	404
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	18	3,864,040	9,574,424

Refer to Note 18 for details of non-cash transaction.

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF CHARITY FUND For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

	For the Three-Mo 31 M	
	2022 (Reviewed)	2021 (Reviewed)
Undistributed charity fund as at 1 January Net earnings prohibited by Shari'a during the period	9,927 7,449	2,472 86
Total source of charity fund	17,376	2,558
Use of charity fund Researches, donations and other uses during the period	<u> </u>	
Undistributed charity fund as at 31 March	17.376	2,558

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2 7 APR 2022

The attached notes 1 to 22 form part of, and should be read in conjunction with these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.) ("Masraf" or "the Bank") is an entity domiciled in the State of Qatar and was incorporated on 4 January 2006 as a Qatari Public Shareholding Company under Qatar Commercial Companies' Law No. 5 of 2002, as amended by Qatar Commercial Companies' Law No. 11 of 2015, under decision No. 11 of 2006. The commercial registration number of the Bank is 32010. The address of the Bank's registered office is at P.O. Box 28888, Lusail Marina, Qatar. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022 comprise the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group" and individually as "Group entities"). The Group is primarily involved in Islamic banking, financing and investing activities, and has 17 branches in Oatar. The Parent Company / Ultimate Controlling Party of the Group is Masraf Al Rayan (O.P.S.C.).

The Group's management has made an assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Group has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

On 7 January 2021, the Bank and Al Khalij Commercial Bank P.Q.S.C. ("Al Khaliji") have entered into a merger agreement as approved by the Board of Directors of both banks, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders of both banks at their respective Extra-Ordinary General Assemblies held on 5 October 2021 and 6 October 2021. On 2 November 2021, Qatar Central Bank ("QCB") approved the Bank's merger by way of absorption pursuant to Article 278 of the Commercial Companies Law Number 11 of 2015 (the "Commercial Companies Law") and Article 161(2) of Law Number 13 of 2012 issuing the Qatar Central Bank Law and Regulation of Financial Institutions (the "QCB Law") and the merger agreement (the "Merger").

The merger was effected in a share swap transaction through the issuance of 0.5 new Masraf share for every 1 share in Al Khaliji at the close of business on 30 November 2021 (the "effective date"), subsequent to which Al Khaliji shares were delisted from Qatar Stock Exchange. On the effective date, Al Khaliji has been dissolved and Masraf, which will be the remaining legal entity and will continue to conduct all operations in accordance with Shari'a principles, absorbed its assets and liabilities.

The principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

Entity's name	Country of y's name incorporation Entity's capital Entity's activities			ercentage of ership		
in the second second	nicospos and s	2	ing b cupitat	2,000		31 December 2021
Al Rayan Investment L.L.C. Al Rayan (UK) Limited ¹	Qatar UK	USD GBP	100,000,000 100,000,000	Investment banking Investment activities	100.0% 75.0%	100.0% 75.0%
Al Rayan Partners L.L.C.	Qatar	QAR	10,000,000	Real estate consulting	100.0%	100.0%
Lusail Waterfront Investment Co.	Cayman Islands	USD	100	Investment activities	100.0%	100.0%
MAR Sukuk Limited ²	Cayman Islands	USD	250	Sukuk issuance	100.0%	100.0%
Al Khaliji France S.A. ³	France	EUR	104,000,000	Banking	100.0%	100.0%
AKCB Finance Limited ³ AKCB Falcon Limited ³	Cayman Islands Cayman Islands	USD USD	1 1	Debt Issuance Debt Issuance	100.0% 100.0%	100.0% 100.0%
AKCB Markets Limited ³	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Over-the-Counter Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	100.0%	100.0%
Lusail Limited	Cayman Islands	USD	1	Financing and investing activities	100.0%	100.0%
MAR Finance L.L.C. ⁴	Qatar	QAR	1,000	Sukuk issuance	100.0%	-

1 REPORTING ENTITY (continued)

- On 14 July 2021, the Bank acquired additional 5% shares in Al Rayan (UK) Limited. Al Rayan (UK) Limited owns 98.34% of its subsidiary, Al Rayan Bank PLC (formerly known as Islamic Bank of Britain PLC). Effectively, the Bank owns 73.76% of Al Rayan Bank PLC. Al Rayan Bank PLC is the designated "Servicer" of Tolkien Funding Sukuk No. 1 Plc, a special purpose entity incorporated in the UK for the purpose of sukuk issuance for the benefit of Al Rayan Bank PLC.
- MAR Sukuk Limited was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability for the purpose of sukuk issuance and other activities, for the benefit of the Bank.
- Subsidiaries of Al Khaliji that became subsidiaries of the Group upon completion of the merger between the Bank and Al Khaliji" on 30 November 2021. Please refer to Note 22 for more details on the business combination.
- ⁴ MAR Finance L.L.C. was incorporated in Qatar Financial Centre as a limited liability for the purpose of sukuk issuance and other activities, for the benefit of the Bank.

The Group does not have any subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI") as modified by the QCB. In line with the requirements of AAOIFI, for matters that are not covered by FAS, the Group uses the guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

QCB Circular 13/2020 dated 29 April 2020 modifies the requirements of FAS 33 "Investments in Sukuk, shares and similar instruments" and FAS 30 "Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments" and requires Islamic Banks to follow principles of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" in respect of equity-type investments carried at Fair Value Through Equity ("FVTE"). The Bank has adopted the circular from the effective date and the changes to the accounting policies have been adopted prospectively by the Bank.

The Group has adopted QCB guidelines on staging and provisioning of certain exposures, which modifies the requirements of FAS 30 "Impairment, credit losses and onerous commitments".

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain all information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2021. In addition, results for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

The preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

(b) Basis of measurement

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the measurement at fair value of financial investments classified as "investments at fair value through equity", "investments at fair value through income statement" and Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

(c) Functional and presentational currency

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Qatari Riyals ("QAR"), which is the Bank's functional and presentational currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest QAR thousand except when otherwise indicated. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

(d) New standard, amendment and interpretation

(i) New standard, amendment and interpretation effective from 1 January 2022

FAS 38 Wa'ad, Khiyar and Tahawwut

AAOIFI has issued FAS 38 in 2020. The objective of this standard is to prescribe the accounting and reporting principles for recognition, measurement and disclosure in relation to Shari'ah compliant Wa'ad (promise), Khiyar (option) and Tahawwut (hedging) arrangements for Islamic financial institutions.

This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this standard did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group, however, may result in additional disclosures at year end.

(ii) New standard, amendment and interpretation issued but not yet effective

The Group has not yet applied the following new and revised FAS that has been issued but is not yet effective:

FAS 39 - Financial Reporting for Zakah

AAOIFI has issued FAS 39 in 2021. This standard improves upon and supersedes FAS 9 "Zakah" issued previously. This standard aims at setting out the accounting treatment of Zakah in the books of an Islamic financial institution, including the presentation and disclosure in the financial statements.

This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with early adoption permitted.

FAS 1 - General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements (Revised 2021)

AAOIFI has issued FAS 1 (Revised) in 2021. The revised FAS 1 "General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements" describes and improves the overall presentation and disclosure requirements prescribed in line with the global best practices and supersedes the earlier FAS 1. The objective of this standard is to align the accounting treatments and the reporting requirements for the Islamic financial institutions to the maximum possible extent with the generally accepted accounting principles without compromising the Shari'a requirements and nature of Islamic financial transactions and institutions.

This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 with early adoption permitted.

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of the above standards.

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL")

(a) Expected credit loss / Impairment allowances

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as at 31 March 2022				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	9,049,884	402,700	-	9,452,584
- Financing assets	104,013,546	17,658,772	2,806,863	124,479,181
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	30,974,866	577,323	57,162	31,609,351
 Other exposures subject to credit risk 	19,446,294	3,368,219	47,809	22,862,322
	163,484,590	22,007,014	2,911,834	188,403,438
Opening balance - as at 1 January 2022				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	1,087	440	-	1,527
- Financing assets	58,617	793,979	1,027,263	1,879,859
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	11,729	6,360	57,162	75,251
 Other exposures subject to credit risk 	15,110	34,513	2,019	51,642
	86,543	835,292	1,086,444	2,008,279
Foreign currency translation for the period				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks		1	-	1
- Financing assets	(143)	(244)	(723)	(1,110)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(2)	-	1 -1	(2)
- Other exposures subject to credit risk		231	-	231
	(145)	(12)	(723)	(880)
Net transfer between stages				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	376	(376)	-	-
- Financing assets	782	(7,516)	6,734	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(645)	645		-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	24	(6,604)	6,580	•
	537	(13,851)	13,314	•
Charge for the period (net)	(1.0.10)			(4.440)
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	(1,340)	11	200.44	(1,329)
- Financing assets	2,188	26,126	380,461	408,775
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	(2,890)	11,957	100	9,067
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	5,071	1,353	400	6,824
\$\$7. P4 DP-	3,029	39,447	380,861	423,337
Write-offs				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	-	-	(202)	(202)
- Financing assets	-	-	(282)	(282)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk		-	(202)	(202)
Clasing halance og at 21 March 2022	-	-	(282)	(282)
Closing balance - as at 31 March 2022 - Due from banks and balances with central banks	123	76		199
- Financing assets	61,444	812,345	1 412 452	
Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	8,192		1,413,453	2,287,242 84,316
Other exposures subject to credit risk	20,205	18,962 29,493	57,162 8,999	58,697
- Other exposures subject to credit fisk	20,203	27,473	0,777	30,077
	89,964	860,876	1,479,614	2,430,454

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

(a) Expected credit loss / Impairment allowances (continued)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Exposure (carrying value) subject to ECL as at 31 March 2021				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	11,763,563	313,552	-	12,077,115
- Financing assets	78,564,579	12,806,244	966,103	92,336,926
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	19,987,882	500,630	57,162	20,545,674
Other exposures subject to credit risk	11,468,627	2,048,201	5,442	13,522,270
	121,784,651	15,668,627	1,028,707	138,481,985
Opening balance - as at 1 January 2021				
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	224	62	-	286
- Financing assets	66,810	342,620	548,505	957,935
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	16,571	2,683	57,162	76,416
 Other exposures subject to credit risk 	22,168	8,452		30,620
	105,773	353,817	605,667	1,065,257
Foreign currency translation for the period				
 Due from banks and balances with central banks 	-	-	-	-
- Financing assets	60	64	17	141
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	1	-	-	1
- Other exposures subject to credit risk				
	61	64	17	142
Net transfer between stages		r		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	(** **)		-	-
- Financing assets	(635)	635	-	-
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	-	-	-	-
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	(22)	22	-	-
Change Constant and A Const	(657)	657	-	-
Charge for the period (net)	204	1 411		1.000
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	294	1,411	(0.045)	1,705
- Financing assets	62,535	21,680	(2,047)	82,168
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	404	(359)	-	45
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	(5,228)	(5,933)	(2.047)	(11,161)
Write-offs	58,005	16,799	(2,047)	72,757
- Due from banks and balances with central banks				
- Financing assets			(62)	(62)
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost			(02)	(02)
- Other exposures subject to credit risk				
- Other exposures subject to credit fisk		_	(62)	(62)
Closing balance - as at 31 March 2021	_		(02)	(02)
- Due from banks and balances with central banks	518	1,473		1,991
- Financing assets	128,770	364,999	546,413	1,040,182
- Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	16,976	2,324	57,162	76,462
- Other exposures subject to credit risk	16,918	2,541	-	19,459
		-,		239,00
	163,182	371,337	603,575	1,138,094

3 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ("ECL") (continued)

(b) Credit quality assessments

The table below provides an analysis of counterparties by rating grades and credit quality of the Group's credit risk, based on Moody's ratings (or their equivalent):

on Moody's rainigs (or their equiva	uent <i>)</i> :			
Rating grade	Due from banks and balances with central banks	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Other exposures subject to credit risk
AAA to AA-	7,577,631	62,794,377	28,310,543	3,585,640
A+ to A-	955,653	14,830,144	1,486,867	5,996,557
BBB+ to BBB-	7,289	13,955,509	1,370,729	4,692,553
BB+ to B-	615,637	18,147,451	86,436	7,232,157
Unrated	296,374	14,751,700	354,776	1,355,415
Totals as at 31 March 2022	9,452,584	124,479,181	31,609,351	22,862,322
Rating grade	Due from banks and balances with central banks	Financing assets	Debt type investments carried at amortised cost	Other exposures subject to credit risk
AAA to AA-	6,599,996	57,883,727	18,944,016	2,912,545
A+ to A-	5,162,206	6,870,086	541,998	4,346,251
BBB+ to BBB-	1,133	8,476,737	12,846	4,039,723
BB+ to B-	232	6,181,212	542,486	1,644,845
Unrated	313,548	12,925,164	504,328	578,906
Totals as at 31 March 2021	12,077,115	92,336,926	20,545,674	13,522,270

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021.

(i) Valuation of financial instruments

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(i) Valuation of financial instruments (continued)

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Group determines fair values using valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, and other valuation models. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark profit rates, credit spreads and other premia used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date, which would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

(ii) Financial asset and liability classification

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 March 2022 (Reviewed)				
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments		333,643		333,643
Investment securities	249,991	111,945	-	361,936
	 :		S	
	249,991	445,588		695,579
Financial liabilities		100 405		100.005
Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	<u> </u>	198,395	·	198,395
		198,395		198,395
31 December 2021 (Audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	_	169,877	_	169,877
Investment securities	244,033	97,571		341,604
	244,033	267,448		511,481
Financial liabilities Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	<u> </u>	272,722		272,722
	<u> </u>	272,722		272,722

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortized cost are equal to the carrying value, hence, not included in the fair value hierarchy table, except for investment securities for which the fair value amounts to QAR 7,992 million (31 December 2021: QAR 8,825 million), which is derived using Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The details of the Group's classification of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in Note 6.

Investment securities totalling nil are carried at cost (31 December 2021: QAR nil).

During the reporting periods 31 March 2022 and 31 December 2021, there were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 fair value measurements.

5 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Impairment losses on financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses under FAS 30 across all categories of financial assets in scope requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk.

These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. The Group's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's internal credit grading model, which assigns PDs to the individual grades;
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment:
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EADs and LGDs; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the
 economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

(ii) Determining fair values

The determination of fair value for financial assets and liabilities for which there is no observable market price requires the use of valuation techniques as described in significant accounting policies (financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument).

(iii) Going concern

The Group's management has made an assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Group has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

 (iv) FAS 32 - Determination of Ijarah term in Ijarah contracts with the renewal and termination option (Bank as a lessee)

In determining the Ijarah term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the Ijarah term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

5 USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(v) Provisions and other contingent liabilities

The Group operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings both in State of Qatar and in other jurisdictions, arising in the ordinary course of the Group's business. When the Group can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Group records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

However, when the Group is of the opinion that disclosing these estimates on a case-by-case basis would prejudice their outcome, then the Group does not include detailed, case-specific disclosers in its financial statements. Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Group takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

For further details on provisions and other contingencies see Note 16.

6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Fair value through income statement	Fair value through equity	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount	Fair value
31 March 2022 (Reviewed)					
Cash and balances with central					
banks	-	-	5,571,016	5,571,016	5,571,016
Due from banks	-	-	4,605,782	4,605,782	4,605,782
Financing assets	-	-	122,191,939	122,191,939	122,191,939
Investment securities:					
 Measured at fair value 	7,355	354,581	•	361,936	361,936
 Measured at amortised cost 	-	-	31,525,035	31,525,035	31,603,859
Financial assets held by a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	1,147	73,077	2,977,372	3,051,596	3,047,284
Other assets	-	-	4,792	4,792	4,792
Shari'a-compliant risk					
management instruments	333,643	a 		333,643_	333,643
	342,145	427,658	166,875,936	167,645,739	167,720,251
Due to banks	_	-	26,522,140	26,522,140	26,522,140
Customer current accounts	-	_	9,186,056	9,186,056	9,186,056
Sukuk financing	-	_	7,616,984	7,616,984	7,588,634
Other borrowings	-	-	4,800,212	4,800,212	4,800,212
Financial liabilities of a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	•	-	2,147,558	2,147,558	2,147,558
Other liabilities	-	•	1,866,939	1,866,939	1,866,939
Equity of investment account					
holders	-	-	91,937,835	91,937,835	91,937,835
Shari'a-compliant risk management instruments	198,395			198,395	198,395
-	198,395		144,077,724	144,276,119	144,247,769

6 FAIR VALUE AND CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

	Fair value				
	through	Fair value		Total	
	income	through	Amortised	carrying	
	statement	equity	cost	amount	Fair value
31 December 2021 (Audited)					
Cash and balances with central					
banks	-	-	5,220,712	5,220,712	5,220,712
Due from banks	-	-	9,155,812	9,155,812	9,155,812
Financing assets	-	-	120,806,731	120,806,731	120,806,731
Investment securities:					
 Measured at fair value 	7,204	334,400	-	341,604	341,604
 Measured at amortised cost 	-	•	32,433,484	32,433,484	32,551,098
Financial assets held by a non-					
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary	30	76,357	2,868,799	2,945,186	3,081,324
Other assets	-	-	7,429	7,429	7,429
Shari'a-compliant risk					
management instruments	169,877			169,877	169,877
3	177,111	410,757	170,492,967	171,080,835	171,334,587
Due to banks	_	_	23,246,577	23,246,577	23,246,577
Customer current accounts		_	9,192,634	9,192,634	9,192,634
Sukuk financing			7,614,762	7,614,762	7,614,762
Other borrowings		-	5,699,994	5,699,994	5,699,994
Financial liabilities of a non-			,,	-,,	-,,
Shari'a-compliant subsidiary			2,245,901	2,245,901	2,245,901
Other liabilities		-	2,170,886	2,170,886	2,170,886
Equity of investment account			, ,	,	, ,
holders	-	-	97,763,630	97,763,630	97,763,630
Shari'a-compliant risk			, ,	, ,	, ,
management instruments	272,722		<u> </u>	272,722	272,722
	252 522		147.024.264	140 007 105	
// =	272,722		147,934,384	148,207,106	148,207,106

7 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group has five reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different products and services, and are managed separately based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. For each of the strategic divisions, the management reviews internal reports periodically. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

- Corporate Banking provides an extensive range of Islamic funded and non-funded credit facilities, deposit services, investment advisory, currency exchange facilities, profit rate swaps, financing syndication and other services to Corporate, Commercial and Multinational Customers.
- Retail Banking provides investment accounts services, credit card and Islamic financing to retail and individual
 customers.
- Treasury and Financial Institutions undertake the Group's funding and centralised risk management activities
 through borrowings, sukuk and debt financing, use of Shari'a compliant instruments for risk management purposes
 and investing in liquid assets such as short-term placements and corporate and government debt securities.
- Asset Management has two distinct functions. Firstly, the management of Masraf Al Rayan's portfolio of listed
 and private equities and funds, strategic investments, income producing instruments such as sukuks and real estate
 investments. Secondly, the development and operation of Masraf Al Rayan's investment products, asset
 management and investment placement business.
- International Operations includes loans, deposits and other products and services with corporate and individual customers in the Group's international locations.

Unallocated assets, liabilities and revenues are related to some central functions and non-core business operations, like common property & equipment, cash functions, development projects related payables etc.

Information regarding the results, assets and liabilities of each reportable segment is included below. Performance is measured based on segment profit before tax, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the management. Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Information about operating segments

31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Treasury and Financial Institutions	Asset Management	International operations	Central Function	Total
External revenue: Total income from financing and investing activities Net fee and commission income Foreign exchange gain / (loss) Share of results of associates Other income	739,634 40,575	282,335	288,679 (299) 61,899	2,991 11,090 (5)	82,712 63 1,094	10,228	1,396,351 87,038 62,988 10,228
Total segment revenue	780,209	317,944	350,279	14,076	83,869	10,625	1,557,002
Finance expense Return to investment account holders Net impairment losses on financing assets Net impairment losses on investments Net reversal of impairment / (impairment losses) on due	(220,956) (32,667)	(79,628) (240,580)	(160,272) - - (7,687)	(118)	(303) (20,417) 1,196	1 (1 1	(160,693) (321,001) (272,051) (9,067)
from banks and other exposures subject to credit risk	623	(5)	(5,713)	(400)	,	ı	(5,495)
Reportable segment profit / (loss) before tax	490,503	(51,719)	250,007	7,948	25,059	(205,775)	516,023
Reportable segment assets	83,400,804	30,185,278	39,994,943	197,281	13,662,440	3,364,014	170,804,760
Reportable segment liabilities	5,104,264	2,812,241	38,358,075	89,482	4,142,334	3,170,025	53,676,421
Reportable segment equity of investment account holders	62,268,659	18,922,408	2,819,500		7,927,268		91,937,835

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

OPERATING SEGMENTS (continued)

Information about operating segments (continued)

31 March 2021 (Reviewed)	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Treasury and Financial Institutions	Asset Management	International operations	Central Function	Total
External revenue: Total income from financing and investing activities Net fee and commission income Foreign exchange gain / (loss) Share of results of associates Other income	520,054 37,102	342,495 27,539	38,957	5,035	80,420 (115) (329)	6,007	1,160,108 70,525 38,628 6,007 1,568
Total segment revenue	557,156	370,034	251,061	11,034	79,976	7,575	1,276,836
Finance expense Return to investment account holders Net impairment losses on financing assets Net reversal of impairment / (impairment) losses	- (114,874) (79,920)	(75,321) (3,815)	(141,787)	(400)	(1,602) (28,195) (561)	r r 1	(143,789) (218,390) (84,296)
on investments Net reversal of impairment / (impairment losses) on due	00011	•	143	(188)	ı	(90,000)	(90,045)
nom banks and other exposures subject to credit risk. Reportable segment profit / (loss) before tax	371,290	290,898	19,856	6,757	11,011	(120,003)	9,456
Reportable segment assets	58,404,607	23,052,072	31,290,330	255,627	11,689,371	810,283	125,502,290
Reportable segment liabilities	4,706,967	2,779,366	30,373,921	231,421	2,396,398	2,559,271	43,047,344
Reportable segment equity of investment account holders	37,817,788	16,631,983	5,193,409	•	8,907,710		68,550,890

8 FINANCING ASSETS

(a) By type	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Receivables and balances from financing activities:			
Murabaha	101,035,684	103,395,737	68,235,838
Ijarah	21,546,666	17,168,271	20,431,526
Istisna'a	870,035	814,576	964,698
Musharaka	5,880,148	6,117,880	6,349,246
Others	768,249	1,001,666	840,816
Accrued profit	558,058	569,892	450,444
Total financing assets	130,658,840	129,068,022	97,272,568
Deferred profit	(6,179,659)	(6,381,432)	(4,935,642)
Allowance for impairment - Performing (Stages 1 and 2)*	(856,213)	(842,084)	(493,769)
Allowance for impairment - Non-performing (Stage 3)*	(1,241,543)	(985,013)	(509,071)
Profit in suspense*	(189,486)	(52,762)	(37,342)
Net financing assets	122,191,939	120,806,731	91,296,744

^{*}For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

The total non-performing financing assets net of deferred profit at 31 March 2022 amounted to QAR 2,807 million representing 2.25% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit (31 December 2021: QAR 2,048 million representing 1.67% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit; 31 March 2021: QAR 966 million representing 1.05% of the gross financing assets net of deferred profit).

(b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January	1,827,097	52,762	1,879,859
Charge for the period	317,007	143,987	460,994
Recoveries / reversals during the period	(44,956)	(7,263)	(52,219)
Write off during the period	(282)		(282)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(1,110)	-	(1,110)
Balance as at 31 March	2,097,756	189,486	2,287,242
	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	31 December 2021 (Audited)
Balance as at 1 January	918,465	39,470	957,935
Charge for the year	1,015,578	26,797	1,042,375
Recoveries / reversals during the year	(105,238)	(13,505)	(118,743)
Write-off during the year	(1,386)	-	(1,386)
Effect of foreign currency movement	(322)	<u>-</u>	(322)
Balance at 31 December	1,827,097_	52,762	1,879,859

8 FINANCING ASSETS (continued)

(b) Movement in the allowance for impairment and profit in suspense on financing assets (continued)

	Allowance for impairment	Profit in suspense	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Balance as at 1 January	918,465	39,470	957,935
Charge for the period	98,750	4,082	102,832
Recoveries / reversals during the period	(14,454)	(6,210)	(20,664)
Write off during the period	(62)	(+,==+)	(62)
Effect of foreign currency movement	141)	141
Balance as at 31 March	1,002,840	37,342	1,040,182
9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES			
	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Investments classified as fair value through income statement Investments classified as held for trading - Quoted			
Debt type investments - Fixed profit rate Accrued profit	7,181 174	7,119 85	1,990
	7,355	7,204	2,023
Debt-type investments classified as amortised cost			
Fixed profit rate - Quoted	3,699,883	3,857,927	1,859,731
Fixed profit rate - Unquoted	57,162	57,162	57,162
Floating profit rate - Quoted	27,952	27,969	-
Government of Qatar - Quoted	4,126,475	4,751,011	1,236,217
Government of Qatar - Unquoted	23,365,000	23,465,000	17,150,000
Accrued profit	332,879	349,666	242,564
Less: Allowance for impairment*	(84,316)	(75,251)	(76,462)
	31,525,035	32,433,484	20,469,212
Investments classified as fair value through equity Equity type investments			
- Quoted	241,541	235,087	52,367
- Unquoted	111,945	97,571	91,549
Accrued profit	1,095	1,742	342
	354,581	334,400	144,258
	31,886,971	32,775,088	20,615,493

^{*}For stage-wise exposure and allowance for impairment, refer to Note 3(a).

9 INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

The cumulative change in fair value reserve of investment securities during the period / year is as follows:

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Positive fair value reserve:			
Balance at 1 January	36,125	25,239	25,239
Net change in fair value Transferred to retained earnings on sale of FVTE investments Effective portion of cash flow hedge Share of other comprehensive income of associates Net fair value movement	23,418 5,671 (525)	13,831 (5,483) 725 1,813	5,791 (5,483) - 1,813
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	28,564 64,689	10,886 36,125	2,121 27,360
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2020 (Reviewed)
Negative fair value reserve:			
Balance at 1 January	-	(35)	(35)
Net change in fair value Net fair value movement	(3,667) (3,667)	35 35	
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	(3,667)		(35)
Total fair value reserve at 31 March / 31 December	61,022	36,125	27,325
10 DUE TO BANKS			
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Current and short-term investment accounts Commodity murabaha payable Short-term Murabaha facilities from banks Wakala payable Repurchase agreements Profit payable to banks	479,384 566,087 4,839,966 18,316,117 2,297,175 23,411	151,114 497,247 6,515,284 12,636,928 3,416,392 29,612	98,140 1,572,192 2,489,930 17,757,335 1,845,801 34,921
	26,522,140	23,246,577	23,798,319

The market value of securities given as collateral against the repurchase agreements are QAR 2,568 million (31 December 2021: QAR 3,960 million; 31 March 2021: QAR 2,209 million).

11 SUKUK AND DEBT FINANCING

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Face value of sukuk and debt financing	7,557,557	7,576,151	5,957,189
Less: Unamortised transaction costs	(10,058)	(11,248)	(8,953)
Profit payable	69,485	49,859	27,464
	7,616,984	7,614,762	5,975,700

The movement in sukuk and debt financing issued by the Group during the period / year is as follows:

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	7,614,762	6,023,180	6,023,180
Assumed on business combination (Note 22)	-	2,262,870	
Repayments during the period / year	(35,896)	(806,193)	(85,651)
Amortisation of transaction costs	1,190	2,369	537
Effect of foreign currency movement	(18,603)	(5,261)	4,952
Finance expense for the period / year	55,531	137,797	32,682
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	7,616,984	7,614,762	5,975,700

12 OTHER BORROWINGS

The movement in other borrowings issued by the Group during the period / year is as follows:

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	5,699,994	1,270,775	1,270,775
Assumed on business combination (Note 22)	· · · · · ·	3,270,966	
Net issuances during the period / year	361,865	3,082,097	470,144
Repayments during the period / year	(1,274,176)	(839,845)	(2,921)
Amortisation of transaction cost	1,348	2,217	1,006
Reclassified as Due to banks	<u>-</u>	(1,086,803)	
Profit payable on borrowings	6,161	4,997	3,229
Other movements	5,020	(4,410)	
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	4,800,212	5,699,994	1,742,233

13 EQUITY OF INVESTMENT ACCOUNT HOLDERS

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Saving accounts Term accounts Short-term investment accounts Profit payable to equity of investment account holders Share in the fair value reserve	7,507,113 78,119,460 5,858,764 449,849 2,649	7,239,306 83,029,234 7,002,452 491,070 1,568	7,721,450 55,527,399 4,981,628 319,176 1,237
	91,937,835	97,763,630	68,550,890
14 EQUITY			
(a) Share capital			
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Authorised			
9,300,000,000 shares at QAR 1 each	9,300,000	9,300,000	7,500,000
(b) Legal reserve			
	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)	31 December 2020 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	9,644,166	2,714,166	2,714,166
Share premium on issuance of shares on business combination (Note 22) Transfer from retained earnings ¹		6,930,000	<u>-</u>
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	9,644,166	9,644,166	2,714,166

¹ According to QCB Law No. 13 of 2012, 10% of the profit for the year is required to be transferred to the legal reserve until the reserve equals 100% of paid up capital. No transfer has been made for the period ended 31 March 2022, as legal reserve reached 100% of the paid up capital.

(c) Risk reserve

In accordance with QCB circular 102/2011, risk reserve has been created to cover contingencies on both the public and private sector financing activities, with a minimum requirement of 2.5% of the total private sector exposure granted by Masraf and its branches inside and outside Qatar after the exclusion of the specific provisions and profit in suspense. The finance provided to/or secured by the Ministry of Finance or finance against cash guarantees are excluded from the gross direct financing, which should be appropriated from shareholders' profit according to QCB instructions. No transfer has been made for the period ended 31 March 2022 as Masraf will transfer the required amount by 31 December 2022.

14 EQUITY (continued)

(d) Fair value reserve

This reserve comprises changes in fair value of investments designated as fair value through equity.

	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	36,125	25,204	25,204
Net unrealised gains / (losses)	22,400	15,434	7,028
Effective portion of cash flow hedge	5,671	725	-
Transferred to retained earnings on sale of FVTE investments	-	(5,483)	(5,483)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates	(525)	1,813	1,813
Share of equity of investment account holders in the fair value			
reserve	(2,649)	(1,568)	(1,237)
Net fair value movement	24,897	10,921	2,121
Balance at 31 March / 31 December (shareholders' share)	61,022	36,125	27,325

Fair value reserve represents unearned gains / (losses), being not available for distribution unless realised and charged to the condensed consolidated income statement.

(e) Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

(f) Other reserves

	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Balance at 1 January	127,274	126,222	126,222
Share of results of associates	-	13,706	-
Dividend from associates transferred to retained earnings	-	(10,700)	_
Other movement		(1,954)	-
Balance at 31 March / 31 December	127,274	127,274	126,222

No transfer has been made for the period ended 31 March 2022, as Masraf will transfer the share of results of associates to other reserves by 31 December 2022.

(g) Dividend

On 27 April 2022, the General Assembly approved a cash dividend of 17.0% of the paid up share capital (2021: 17.0%) amounting to QAR 1,581 million (2021: QAR 1,275 million).

15 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

This represents the Group's non-controlling interest in Al Rayan (UK) Limited (25%) and Al Rayan Bank PLC (26.24%) (31 December 2021: Al Rayan (UK) Limited - 25% and Al Rayan Bank PLC - 26.24%).

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(a) Contingent liabilities			
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Unutilised credit facilities Guarantees Letters of credit	5,221,916 14,563,374 3,072,240	5,544,059 15,170,129 3,399,486	1,207,504 11,303,834 1,007,855
	22,857,530	24,113,674	13,519,193
Contingent liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary ¹	673,128	682,218	
Contingent liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary consi	ist of the following:		
	31 March 2022	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021
Unutilised credit facilities Guarantees	(Reviewed) 323,050 345,636	346,957 327,620	(Reviewed)
Letters of credit	4,442	7,641	-
	673,128	682,218	
(b) Other undertakings and commitments	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
Paris and annual	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Profit rate swap Unilateral promise to buy/sell currencies	10,247,124 9,583,401	11,113,336 10,790,532	1,553,861 16,732,179
	19,830,525	21,903,868	18,286,040
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Other undertakings and commitments of a non-Shari'a-compisubsidiary ²		291,055	
² Other undertakings and commitments of a non-Shari'a-compliant	subsidiary consist of t	the following:	
	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021
Profit rate swap	72,840	72,756	(Reviewed) -
Unitateral promise to buy/sell currencies	72,840	218,299 291,055	

16 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 December 2021 (Audited)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Capital commitments in respect of Head Office building under construction Other capital commitments	244,800 2,942	290,509 3,015	320,124
	247,742	293,524	320,124

17 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March		
	2021 (Reviewed)	2020 (Reviewed)	
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Bank	506,207	574,701	
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period (thousand)	9,300,000	7,500,000	
Basic earnings per share (QAR)	0.054	0.077	

There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding at any time during the period. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share are equal to the basic earnings per share.

18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with original maturities of less than three months:

	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)
Cash on hand and balances with QCB excluding cash reserve	1,554,741	3,395,100
Due from banks	2,309,100	6,178,765
Allowance for impairment	199	559
	3,864,040	9,574,424

Non-cash transaction:

The following non-cash activity entered into by the Group is not reflected in the interim consolidated statement of cash flows:

¹ The Group recognized Ijarah contract additions and modifications resulting to increase in right-of-use assets amounting to QAR 584 thousand (2021: Nil) during the period.

Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include the significant owners and entities over which the Group and the owners exercise significant influence, directors and executive management of the Group.

(a) Transactions and balances

	31 M	31 March 2022 (Reviewed)	iewed)	31 Dec	31 December 2021 (Audited)	Audited)	31 Mz	31 March 2021 (Reviewed)	viewed)
	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Shareholders	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Shareholders	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Shareholders
Consolidated statement of financial position items: Financing assets Customer current accounts	71,259	729,830		. 80,169	775,119		91,304	4,999	
Equity of investment account holders Other liabilities	22,993	626,849	3,215,430 101,075	5,863	538,837	3,212,842 103,005	19,389	62,615	3,182,503
Contingent liabilities: Letters of credit Guarantees	94,133	5,566		- 96,757	5,056 144,703	1 1	35,604	1	1
				, ,	For 1	For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 20	ưh Period Ena arch	ed 2021 (Reviewed)	(pex
				Associate companies	Board of Directors	Shareholders	Associate companies	Board of Directors	Shareholders
Consolidated income statement items: Income from financing activities				ı	5,907	•	•	25	ı
Return on equity of investment account holders Operating expenses				39	1,802	7,988	62	300	9,714
Social de Capallación				2,000	•	•	2,048	,	•

All the transactions with the related parties are substantially on the same terms, including profit rates and collateral, as those prevailing in comparable transactions with unrelated parties.

19 RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(b) Transactions with key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the period were as follows:

	For the Three-Mo. 31 N	nth Period Ended Iarch
	2022 (Reviewed)	2021 (Reviewed)
Remuneration to Board of Directors including meeting allowances	4,725	4,075
Salaries and other benefits - Key management	5,089	3,423

20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the year. The capital adequacy ratio of the Group is calculated in accordance with the Basel III Committee guidelines as adopted by the QCB.

	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
	(Reviewed)	(Audited)	(Reviewed)
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) capital	20,328,192	20,312,960	13,319,554
Additional Tier 1 capital	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Tier 2 capital	865,498	921,835	533,873
Total regulatory capital	22,193,690	22,234,795	13,853,427
Risk weighted assets			
Risk weighted assets for credit risk	96,913,342	98,526,568	63,269,404
Risk weighted assets for market risk	4,445,458	541,778	708,978
Risk weighted assets for operational risk	6,063,541	6,068,171	5,552,963
Total risk weighted assets	107,422,341	105,136,517	69,531,345

20 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

	CET 1 ratio without capital conservation buffer	CET 1 ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Tier 1 and 2 capital ratio including capital conservation buffer	Total capital including capital conservation buffer and DSIB [†] buffer	Total capital including conservation buffer, DSIB ¹ buffer and ICAAP Pillar II capital charge
31 March 2022 Actual Minimum QCB limit	18.92% 6.00%	18,92% 8,50%	19.85% 10.50%	20.66% 12.50%	20.66% 13.50%	20.66% 15.11%
31 December 2021						
Actual	19.32%	19.32%	20.27%	21.15%	21.15%	21.15%
Minimum QCB limit	6.00%	8.50%	10.50%	12.50%	13.50%	15.11%
31 March 2021						
Actual	19.16%	19.16%	19.16%	19.92%	19.92%	19.92%
Minimum QCB limit	6.00%	8.50%	10.50%	12.50%	13.50%	15.11%

¹ Domestic Systemically Important Bank

21 IMPACT OF COVID 19

The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic has spread across various geographies globally, causing disruption to business and economic activities. COVID-19 has brought about uncertainties in the global economic environment. The fiscal and monetary authorities, both domestic and international, have announced various support measures across the globe to counter possible adverse implications.

In addition, the Group's operations are concentrated in economies that are relatively dependent on the price of crude oil. As at the end of the financial reporting period, oil prices have witnessed unprecedented volatility. The Group is closely monitoring the situation and has activated its business continuity planning and other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption the COVID-19 outbreak may have on its operations and financial performance.

The Group has performed an assessment of COVID-19 in light of the available guidance of QCB and FAS, which has resulted in the following changes to the expected credit loss methodology and valuation estimates and judgements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2022:

i. Expected credit losses

The macro-economic variables have been updated as at 31 March 2022 and re-aligned with the economy. ECLs were estimated based on a range of forecast economic conditions. The Group has considered the impact of higher volatility in the forward-looking macro-economic factors when determining the economic scenarios for ECL estimation.

The volatility has been reflected through adjustment in the methods of scenario construction and the underlying weightages assigned to these scenarios. The forward-looking factor (Credit Index or "CI") used is determined from the observed historical credit index. The credit index is used to forecast expected point-in-time probability of defaults for the credit portfolio of the Group. The forward looking PDs have been arrived based on the economic outlook on the country/region and based on the macro-economic factors such as GDP, Oil price, LNG, CPI (inflation), Real Estate Sector Concentration and Growth Rate in Financing Assets. These variables were selected based on three criteria: Correlation (degree and direction) of the variable with the segment, Correlation (degree and direction) of the variable with the PQR (Asset Quality Ratio of Qatar) and the relevance of the variable with respect to the segment.

21 IMPACT OF COVID 19 (continued)

The Group has incorporated different forward-looking economic scenarios into the measurement of expected credit losses by applying conservative weightings of 65%, 10.4% and 24.6% for base, improved and stressed scenarios, respectively, for the wholesale banking portfolio. The situation is fast evolving and, accordingly, any downside scenarios will be reassessed if adverse conditions continue.

The table below shows a comparison of the loss allowances on non-impaired financial assets (stages 1 and 2) by assuming each forward-looking scenarios resulting from simulations of each scenario weighted at 100%:

Sensitivity of impairment assessment	31 March 2022	31 December 2021
	Impact on ECL	Impact on ECL
Simulations:		
Base case - 100% weighted, loss allowance would be higher/(lower) by	(261,226)	(106,283)
Upside case - 100% weighted, loss allowance would be higher/(lower) by	(669,468)	(345,440)
Downside case - 100% weighted, loss allowance would be higher/(lower) by	1,040,265	457,155

ii. Valuation estimates and judgements

The Group has also considered potential impacts of the current economic volatility in determination of the reported amounts of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and these are considered to represent management's best assessment based on available or observable information. Markets, however, remain volatile and the recorded amounts remain sensitive to market fluctuations.

iii. Accounting for modified financing assets

Considering the economic circumstances post the COVID-19 outbreak, the QCB has encouraged banks in Qatar to delay repayments for affected sectors via a circular issued on 22 March 2020, pursuant to which the Group has delayed repayments for certain customers for a period of six months.

iv. Accounting for zero rate repo facility

The QCB has advised banks to extend new financing to affected sectors at reduced rates, which is to be supported by zero-cost repo facilities from the QCB, and extended guarantees from the government of the State of Qatar to local banks to support these affected sectors. The Group has no outstanding zero-rate repos as at 31 March 2022.

v. Major events

The implications of the COVID-19 pandemic are ongoing and the outcome of this event is unknown and, therefore, the impact on the Group for conditions that arose after the period-end, i.e. "non-adjusting events" in line with IAS 10 "Subsequent events", cannot be reasonably quantified at the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

22 BUSINESS COMBINATION

On 7 January 2021, the Bank and Al Khalij Commercial Bank P.Q.S.C. ("Al Khaliji") entered into a merger agreement (the "Merger") as approved by the Board of Directors of both banks, which was subsequently approved by the shareholders of both the Bank and Al Khalij at their respective Extra-Ordinary General Assemblies held on 5 October 2021 and 6 October 2021, respectively.

On 2 November 2021, the QCB approved the Bank's merger with Al Khalij by way of absorption pursuant to Article 278 of the Commercial Companies Law Number 11 of 2015 and Article 161(2) of Law Number 13 of 2012 issuing the Qatar Central Bank Law and Regulation of Financial Institutions and the merger agreement.

The Merger was effected through a share swap transaction at an exchange ratio of 0.5 Masraf share for every one share of Al Khaliji, corresponding to 1,800 million new shares issued to the shareholders of Al Khaliji at the close of business on 30 November 2021 (the "effective date").

8 730 000

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Three-Month Period Ended 31 March 2022

22 BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

Al Khaliji shares were delisted from the Qatar Stock Exchange and the Bank issued 1,800 million new shares to the shareholders of Al Khaliji. Following the completion of the merger, Masraf shareholders owned approximately 81 percent of the combined bank and Al Khaliji shareholders owned approximately 19 percent. The merger transaction is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 3 - Business Combinations. IFRS 3 requires that an acquirer be identified in a business combination and acquisition accounting principles be applied. Masraf was identified as the "accounting acquirer" in this transaction.

The merger was effected to create a new Bank with the financial strength, expertise and global network that will become one of Qatar's and the region's leading Shari'a-compliant banks which will bolster Qatar's economic growth and finance development initiatives.

(a) Share capital – issuance of new shares

Outstanding number of shares of Al Khaliji (Units '000) Exchange ratio Number of shares of the Bank issued to Al Khaliji shareholders (Units '000) Par value of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaliji shareholders (QAR 1 each) (QAR '000) Outstanding share capital of the Bank (QAR '000)	3,600,000 0.5 1,800,000 1,800,000 7,500,000
Total share capital post acquisition (QAR '000)	9,300,000
(b) Purchase consideration	
Outstanding number of shares of the Bank (Units '000) Divided by the Bank's percentage of ownership in the Group	7,500,000 80.65%
Total number of shares of the Group (Units '000) Multiplied by Al Khaliji's percentage of ownership in the Group Total number of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaliji Multiplied by the Bank's share price on the effective date (QAR)	9,300,000 19.35% 1,800,000 4.85
Total purchase consideration (QAR '000)	8,730,000

(c) Share premium

Total nurchase consideration

In accordance with Qatar Commercial Companies' Law, any share premium on issuance of new shares will form part of the legal reserve.

Par value of shares issued by the Bank to Al Khaiji shareholders	(1,800,000)
Share premium	6,930,000
Legal reserve Al Khalij Commercial Bank (al khaliji) P.Q.S.C	1,532,395
Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)	2,714,166
Total	4,246,561
Less: pre-acquisition legal reserve	(1,532,395)
Add: allocation from share premium on issuance of new shares	6,930,000
Closing balance post business combination ¹	9,644,166

22 BUSINESS COMBINATION (continued)

(c) Share premium (continued)

Closing balance post business combination ¹	1,796,600
Total Less: pre-acquisition risk reserve	2,291,795 (495,195)
Masraf Al Rayan (Q.P.S.C.)	1,796,600
Al Khalij Commercial Bank (al khaliji) P.Q.S.C	495,195

¹ Prior to transfers from retained earnings for the current year

(d) Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The purchase consideration (also referred to as "purchase price") of the merger has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed using their preliminary fair values at the acquisition date. The allocation of the purchase consideration and its allocation to the net assets of Al Khaliji based on its preliminary fair values as of 30 November 2021 is presented below. The allocation of the purchase price may be modified within a period of twelve months from the date of business combination, as more information is obtained about the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

	30 November 2021
Assets	
Cash and balances with central banks	1,433,464
Due from banks	6,216,979
Financing assets	35,361,090
Investment securities	10,946,874
Fixed assets	371,048
Assets of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary and Other assets	3,032,742
Total assets	57,362,197
Liabilities	
Due to banks	13,385,586
Customer current accounts	881,126
Equity of investment account holders	26,843,045
Debt securities	2,262,870
Other borrowings	3,270,966
Liabilities of a non-Shari'a-compliant subsidiary and Other liabilities	2,747,302
	49,390,895
Instrument eligible for additional capital	1,000,000
Total liabilities	50,390,895
Al Khaliji net assets as at acquisition date attributable to its equity holders	6,971,302

22 BUSINESS COMBINATION

(e) Goodwill and intangible assets

The Group has used the preliminary fair values of Al Khaliji's financial assets and liabilities as at 30 November 2021 for the purpose of calculating goodwill.

Total purchase consideration

Total fair value of identifiable net assets of Al Khaliji

Goodwill on business acquisition

30 November 2021

8,730,000
(6,971,302)

1,758,698

The goodwill is attributable to the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating Al Khaliji into the Group. The Group has twelve months from the date of acquisition to complete a Purchase Price Allocation ("PPA") exercise which sets out in detail the way in which the fair value of the acquired Al Khaliji assets and liabilities have been determined. A comprehensive PPA exercise is currently in process and the results of this exercise will be reflected in subsequent financial statements. This exercise may result in different values being attributed to the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired, and the identification of other intangible assets, hence, change in the goodwill.

(f) Impact on Group's results

If the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2021, management estimates that consolidated total income and profit would be QAR 1,817 million and QAR 760 million, respectively, for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 March 2021. In determining these amounts, the Group has assumed that the fair value adjustments, determined provisionally, that arose on the date of acquisition would have been the same if the acquisition had occurred on 1 January 2021.

(g) Integration-related costs

The Group incurred integration-related costs of QAR 40 million relating to redundancy payouts, information technology and other expenses during the current period. These costs have been included in 'Staff costs' and 'Other expenses' in the interim condensed consolidated income statement.